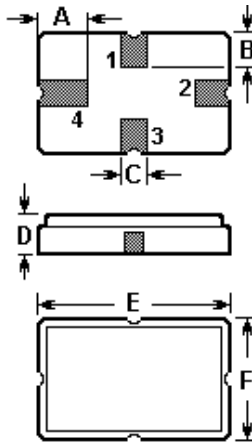The FTR4003 is a true one-port, surface-acoustic-wave (**SAW**) resonator in a surface-mount ceramic **QCC4A** case. It provides reliable, fundamental-mode, quartz frequency stabilization i.e. in transmitters or local oscillators operating at **433.920** MHz.

1.Package Dimension (QCC4A)

Pin	Configuration
1	Input / Output
3	Output / Input
2/4	Case Ground

Sign	Data (unit: mm)	Sign	Data (unit: mm)
A	1.2	D	1.4
B	0.8	E	5.0
C	0.5	F	3.5

2.Marking

FTR4003

Laser Marking

3.Equivalent LC Model and Test Circuit

Equivalent LC Model

0.05pF*
C_p
R_M C_M L_M
Co=Cp+0.05pF* *Case Parasitics

Test Circuit

From 50 Ω source
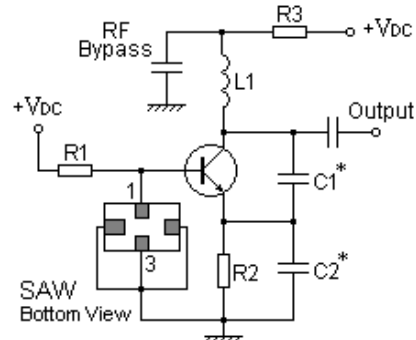To 50 Ω load
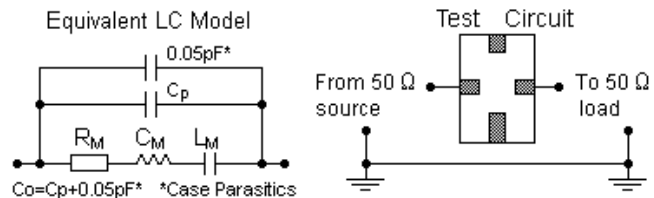
4.Typical Application Circuits

1) Low-Power Transmitter Application
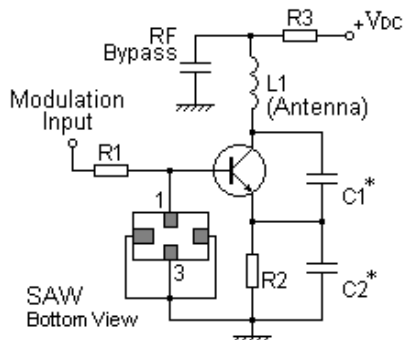
2) Local Oscillator Application

5.Typical Frequency Response

▶1:Transmission /M Log Mag S.0 dB/ Ref -1.5Ø dB
▶2:Off

Ch1:Mkr1 433.900 MHz
-1.16 dB

Center 433.920 MHz   Span 1.000 MHz
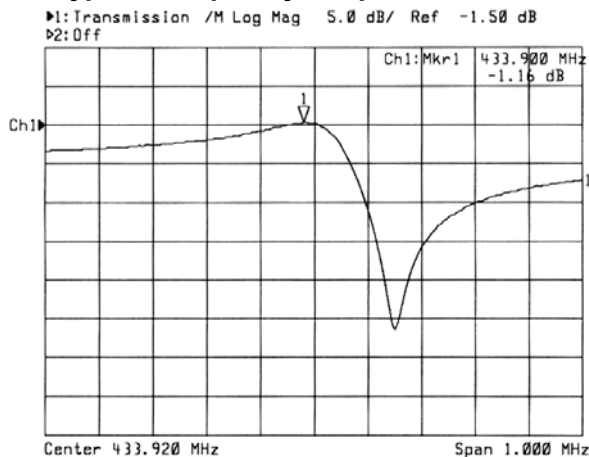
6.Temperature Characteristics

fc=fo ,Tc=To

$(f-f_o) / f_o$ (ppm)

$\Delta T=Tc-To$ (℃)
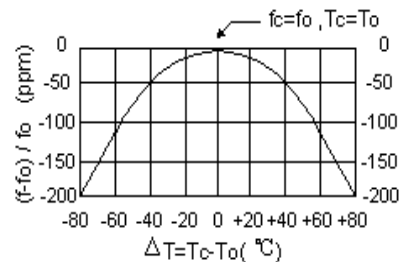
The curve shown above accounts for resonator contribution only and does not include oscillator temperature characteristics.

7.Performance

7-1.Maximum Ratings

Rating	Value	Units
CW RF Power Dissipation	0	dBm
DC Voltage Between Terminals	$\pm$30V	VDC
Case Temperature	-40 to +85	℃
Soldering Temperature	+250	℃

7-2.Electronic Characteristics

Characteristic		Sym	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Center Frequency (+25℃)	Absolute Frequency	f_C	433.845		433.995	MHz
	Tolerance from 433.920 MHz	Δf_C		$\pm$75		kHz
Insertion Loss		I_L		1.5	2.0	dB
Quality Factor	Unloaded Q	Q_U		9,000		
	50 Ω Loaded Q	Q_L		1,500		
Temperature Stability	Turnover Temperature	T_0	25		55	℃
	Turnover Frequency	f_0		f_C		kHz
	Frequency Temperature Coefficient	FTC		0.032		ppm/℃^{2}
Frequency Aging	Absolute Value during the First Year	|fA|		$\leqslant$10		ppm/yr
DC Insulation Resistance Between Any Two Terminals			1.0			MΩ
RF Equivalent RLC Model	Motional Resistance	R_M		19	26	Ω
	Motional Inductance	L_M		65.5042		μH
	Motional Capacitance	C_M		2.0559		fF
	Shunt Static Capacitance	C_0	1.9	2.2	2.5	pF

ⓘ**CAUTION: Electrostatic Sensitive Device. Observe precautions for handling!**

Ⓒ**NEDI 2003. All Rights Reserved.**

1. The center frequency, f_C, is measured at the minimum IL point with the resonator in the 50 Ω test system.
2. Unless noted otherwise, case temperature T_C = +25°C±2°C.
3. Frequency aging is the change in f_C with time and is specified at +65°C or less. Aging may exceed the specification for prolonged temperatures above +65°C. Typically, aging is greatest the first year after manufacture, decreasing in subsequent years.
4. Turnover temperature, T_0, is the temperature of maximum (or turnover) frequency, f_0. The nominal frequency at any case temperature, T_C, may be calculated from: $f = f_0 [1 - FTC (T_0 - T_C)^2]$.
5. This equivalent RLC model approximates resonator performance near the resonant frequency and is provided for reference only. The capacitance C_0 is the measured static (nonmotional) capacitance between the two terminals. The measurement includes case parasitic capacitance.
6. Derived mathematically from one or more of the following directly measured parameters: f_C, IL, 3 dB bandwidth, f_C versus T_C, and C_0.
7. The specifications of this device are based on the test circuit shown above and subject to change or obsolescence without notice.
8. Typically, equipment utilizing this device requires emissions testing and government approval, which is the responsibility of the equipment manufacturer.
9. Our liability is only assumed for the Surface Acoustic Wave (SAW) component(s) per se, not for applications, processes and circuits implemented within components or assemblies.
10. For questions on technology, prices and delivery please contact our sales offices or e-mail