

# Visualization with ParaView

Greg Johnson

# Before we begin...

- Make sure you have ParaView 3.8.0 installed so you can follow along in the lab section
  - <http://paraview.org/paraview/resources/software.html>

# Background

- <http://www.paraview.org/>
- Open-source, multi-platform parallel data analysis and visualization application
- Mature, feature-rich interface
- Good for general-purpose, rapid visualization
- Built upon the Visualization ToolKit (VTK) library
- Primary contributors:
  - Kitware, Inc.
  - Sandia National Laboratory
  - Los Alamos National Laboratory
  - Army Research Laboratory

# Data Types

- Supports a wide variety of data types
  - Structured grids
    - uniform rectilinear, non-uniform rectilinear, and curvilinear
  - Unstructured grids
  - Polygonal data
  - Images
  - Multi-block
  - AMR
- Time series support

# Visualization Algorithms

- Supports a wide variety of visualization algorithms
  - Isosurfaces
  - Cutting planes
  - Streamlines
  - Glyphs
  - Volume rendering
  - Clipping
  - Height maps
  - ...

# Special Features

- Supports derived variables
  - New scalar / vector variables that are functions of existing variables in your data set
- Scriptable via Python
- Saves animations
- Can run in parallel / distributed mode for large data visualization

# Data Formats

- Supports a wide variety of data formats
  - VTK (<http://www.vtk.org/VTK/img/file-formats.pdf>)
  - EnSight
  - Plot3D
  - Various polygonal formats
- Users can write data readers to extend support to other formats
- Conversion to the VTK format is straightforward

# Data Formats

- VTK Simple Legacy Format
  - ASCII or binary
  - Supports all VTK grid types
  - Easiest for data conversion
- *Note: use VTK XML format for parallel I/O*

```
# vtk DataFile Version 2.0           ](1)
Really cool data                      ](2)
ASCII | BINARY                        ](3)
DATASET type                         ](4)
...
POINT_DATA n                         ](5)
...
CELL_DATA n
...
```

**Part 1:** Header

**Part 2:** Title (256 characters maximum, terminated with newline `\n` character)

**Part 3:** Data type, either ASCII or BINARY

**Part 4:** Geometry/topology. *Type* is one of:

```
STRUCTURED_POINTS
STRUCTURED_GRID
UNSTRUCTURED_GRID
POLYDATA
RECTILINEAR_GRID
FIELD
```

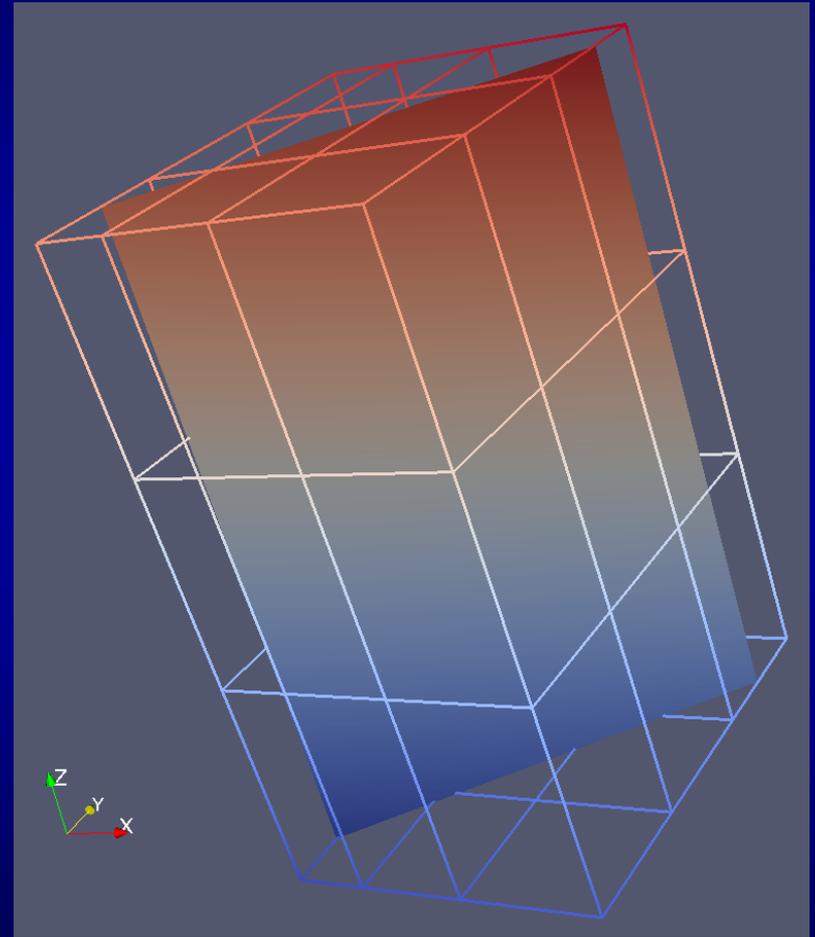
**Part 5:** Dataset attributes. The number of data items *n* of each type must match the number of points or cells in the dataset. (If *type* is FIELD, point and cell data should be omitted.)

VTK simple legacy format (<http://www.vtk.org/VTK/img/file-formats.pdf>)

# Data Formatting Example

- Data set: 4x4x4 rectilinear grid with one scalar variable

```
example.vtk
# vtk DataFile Version 2.0
one scalar variable on a rectilinear grid
ASCII
DATASET RECTILINEAR_GRID
DIMENSIONS 4 4 4
X_COORDINATES 4 float
0 1 2.5 4.5
Y_COORDINATES 4 float
0 2 4 6
Z_COORDINATES 4 float
0 3 6 9
POINT_DATA 64
SCALARS scalar_variable float 1
LOOKUP_TABLE default
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30
31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44
45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58
59 60 61 62 63
```

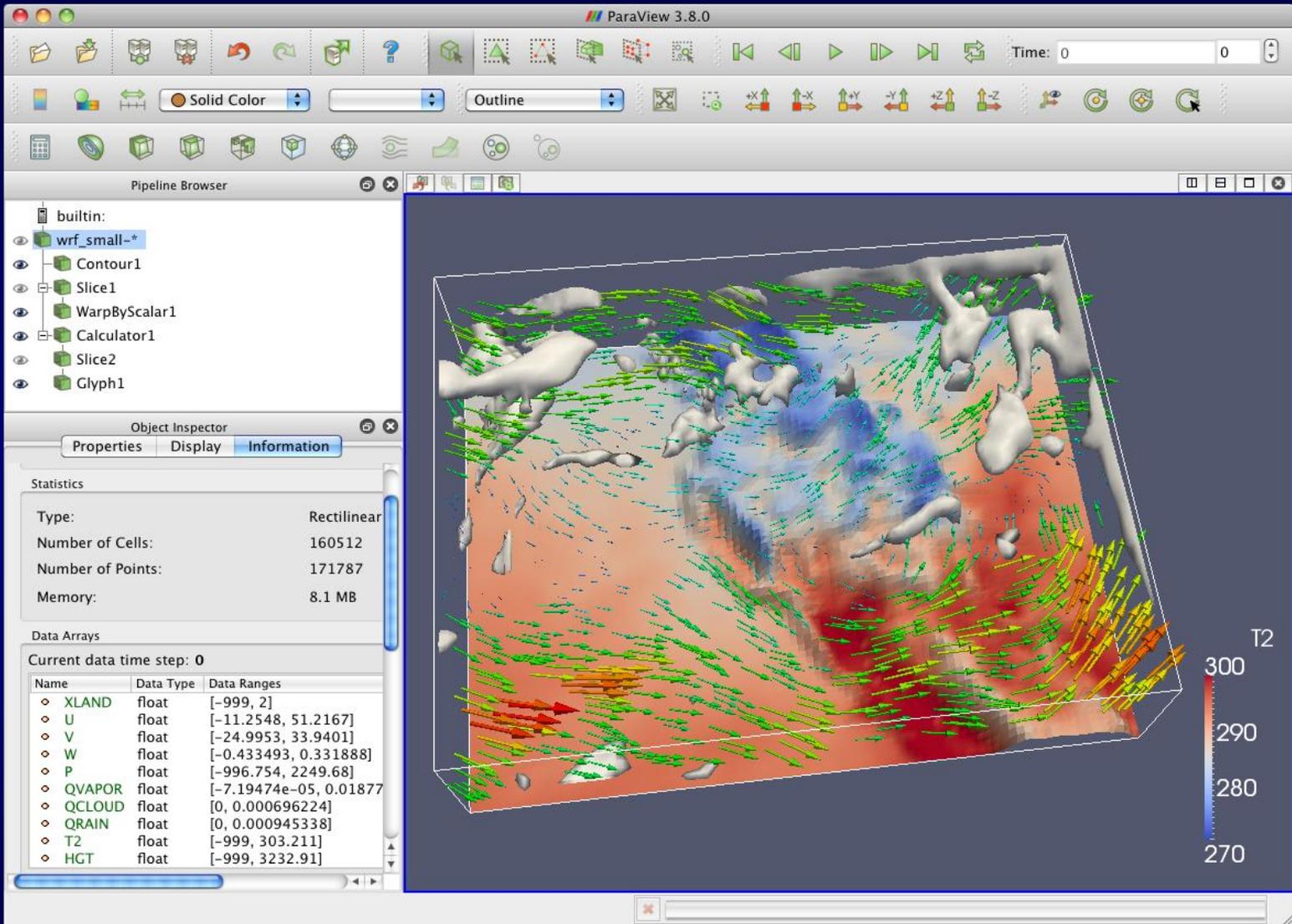


# ParaView Visualization Pipeline

- All processing operations (filters) produce data sets
- Can further process the result of every operation to build complex visualizations
  - e.g. can extract a cutting plane, and apply glyphs (i.e. vector arrows) to the result
    - Gives a plane of glyphs through your 3D volume

# Demonstration

- WRF weather forecast data set
  - Rectilinear grid
  - Multiple scalar and vector variables
  - Time series
- Can show:
  - Clouds
  - Wind
  - Temperature
  - ...



# ParaView Test-Drive

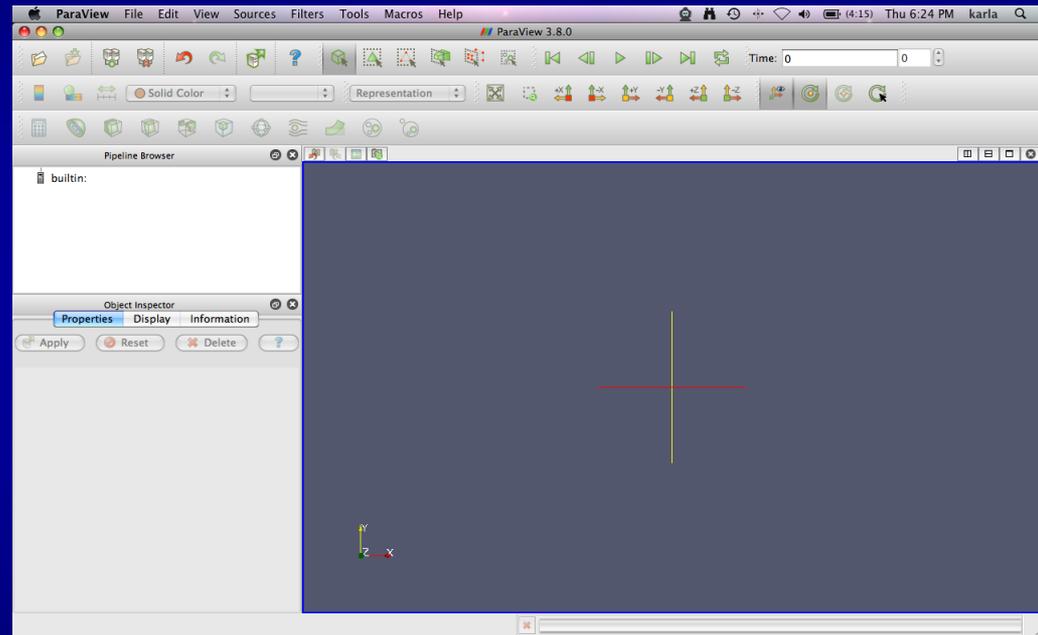
# Getting Started

- Download example data file 'RectGrid2.vtk'
  - <http://portal.longhorn.tacc.utexas.edu/training/>
  - Right-click, Save link as...
- Open ParaView

# ParaView

Today we will:

- Create isosurfaces for a scalar variable
- Clip and slice the isosurfaces
- Use glyphs to display a vector field
- Use streamlines to show flow through a vector field
- Edit color maps
- Add slices to show variable values over a plane
- Adjust opacities of filters
- Add color legends
- Create volume rendering

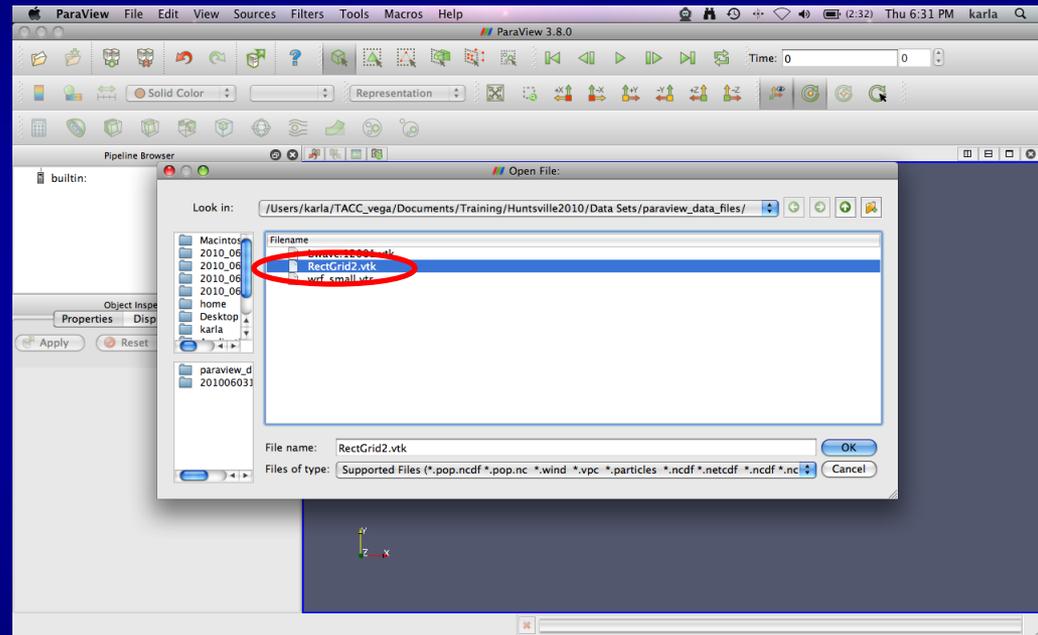


# ParaView

## Open the file

RectGrid2.vtk

- Click File -> Open
- Select RectGrid2.vtk
- Click OK
- Click blue Apply
- Box outline of dataset extent displayed

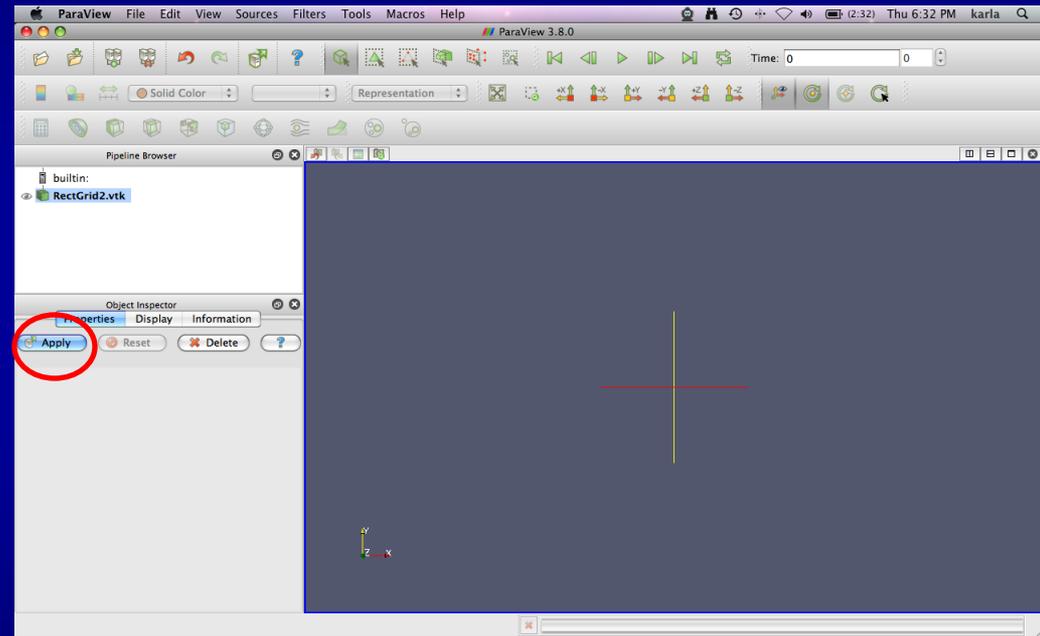


# ParaView

Open the file

RectGrid2.vtk

- Click File -> Open
- Select RectGrid2.vtk
- Click OK
- Click blue Apply
- Box outline of dataset extent displayed

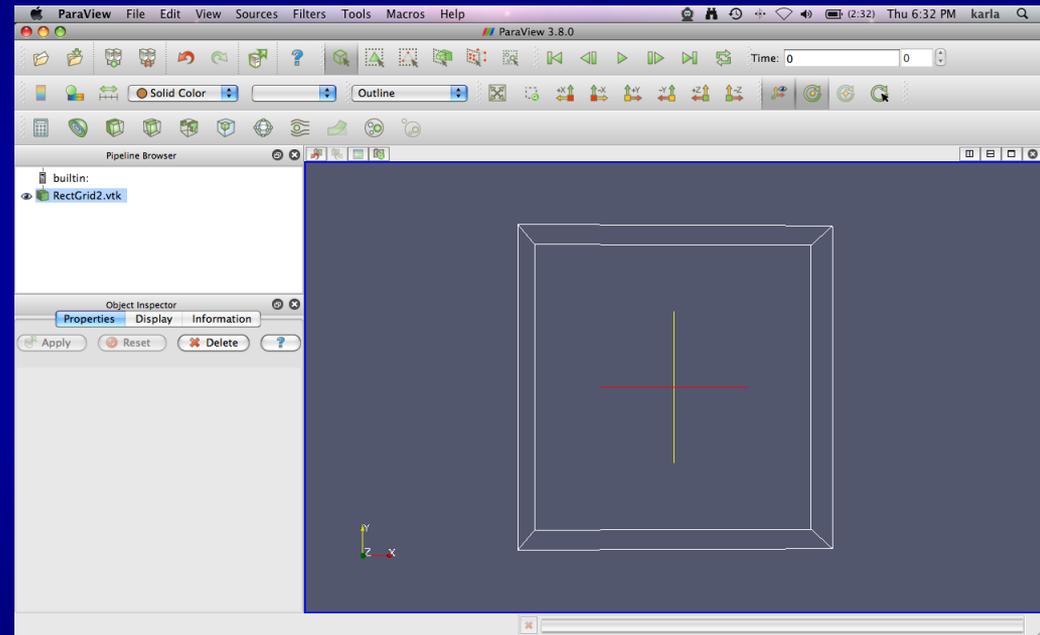


# ParaView

Open the file

RectGrid2.vtk

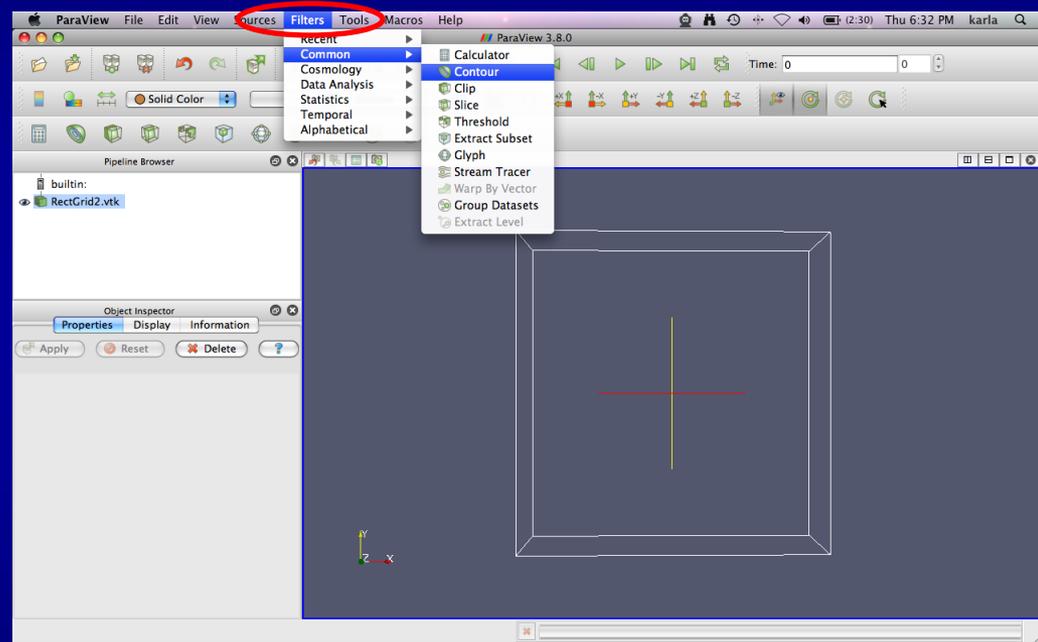
- Click File -> Open
- Select RectGrid2.vtk
- Click OK
- Click blue Apply
- **Box outline of dataset extent displayed**



# ParaView

## Create isosurfaces

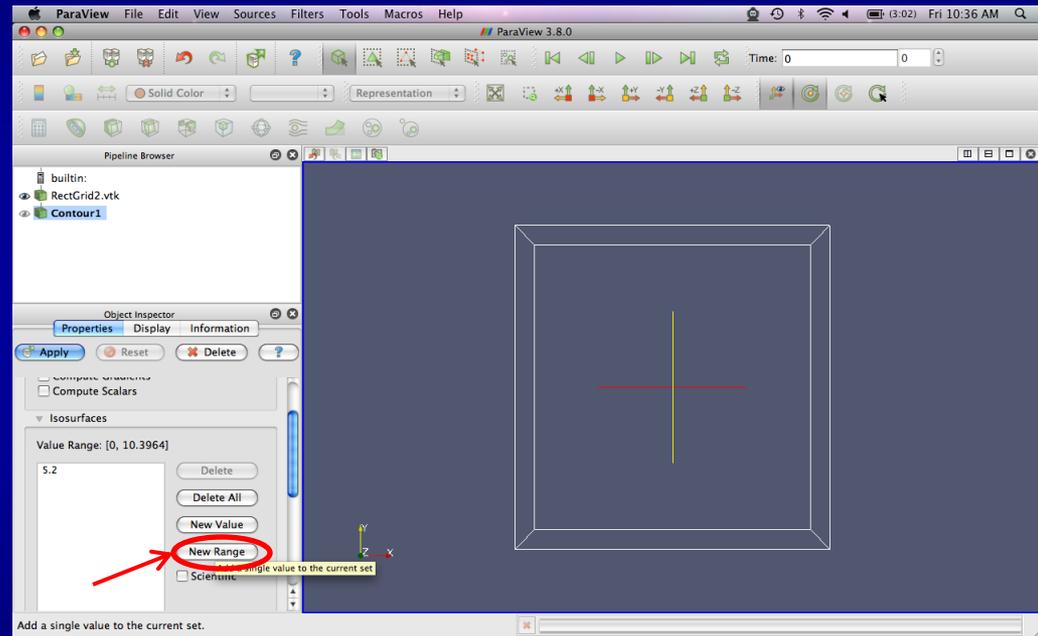
- Click Filters -> Common -> Contour
- In Isosurfaces box, click Delete All
- Click New Range
- Keep defaults, click OK
- Click blue Apply
- Click Display tab
- In Color by box, select vectors



# ParaView

## Create isosurfaces

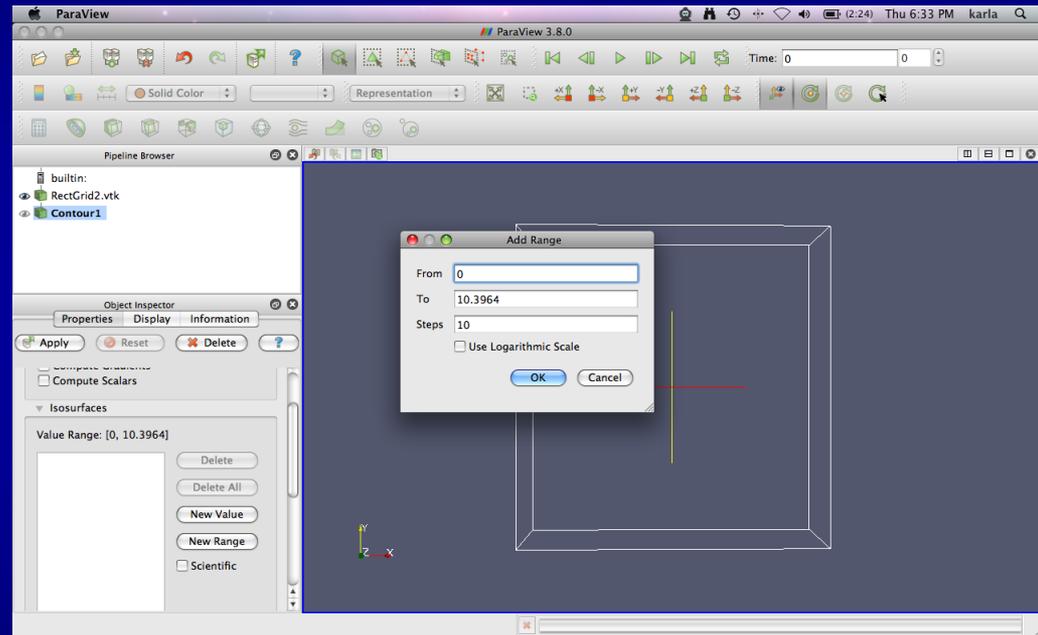
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# ParaView

## Create isosurfaces

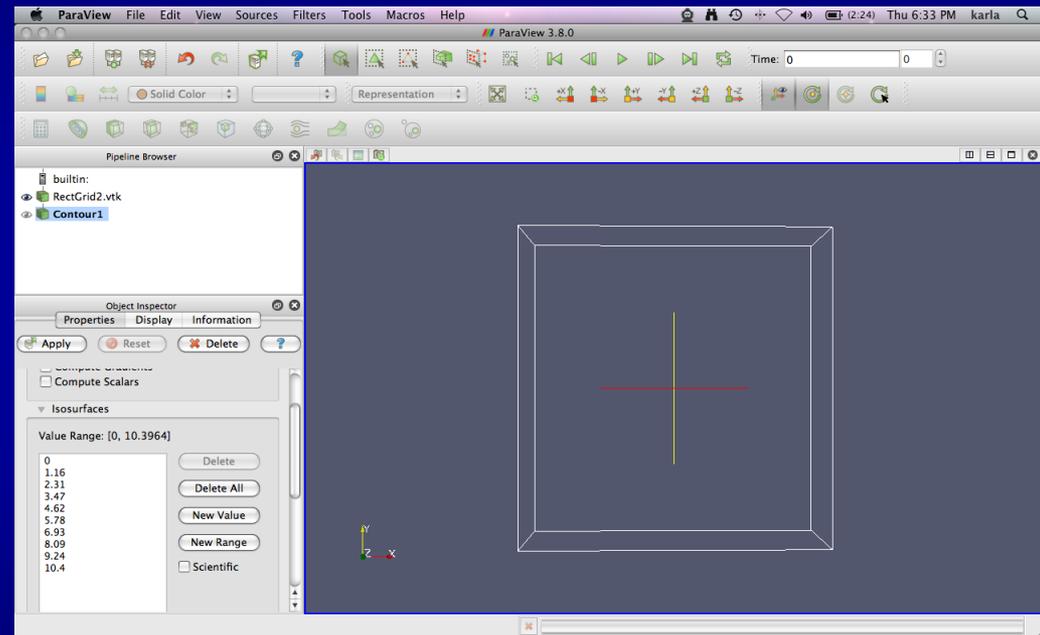
- Click Filters -> Common -> Contour
- In Isosurfaces box, click Delete All
- Click New Range
- **Keep defaults, click OK**
- Click blue Apply
- Click Display tab
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# ParaView

## Create isosurfaces

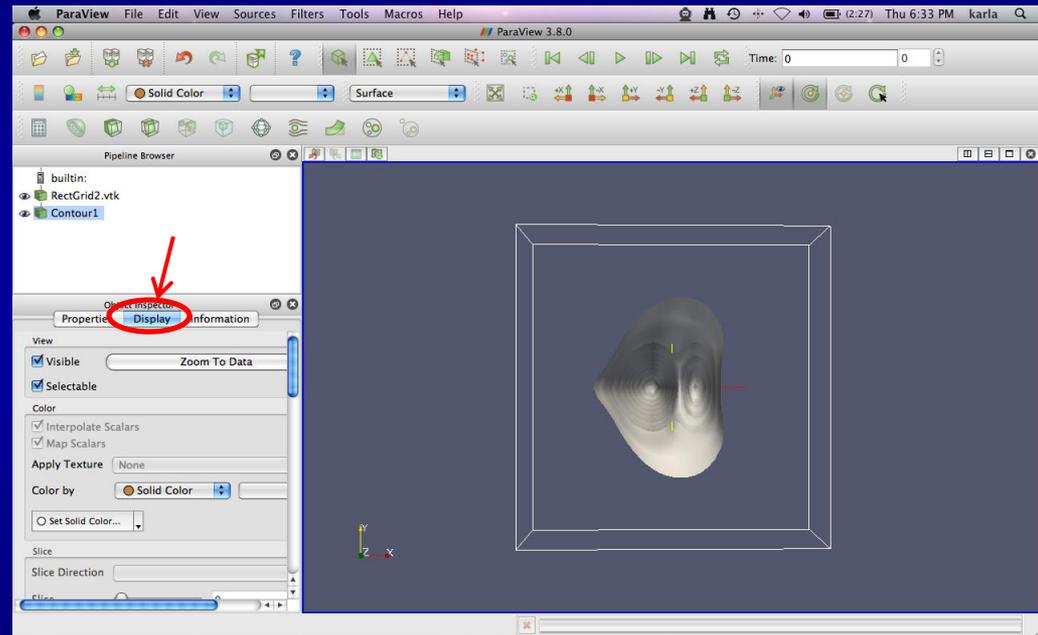
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## Create isosurfaces

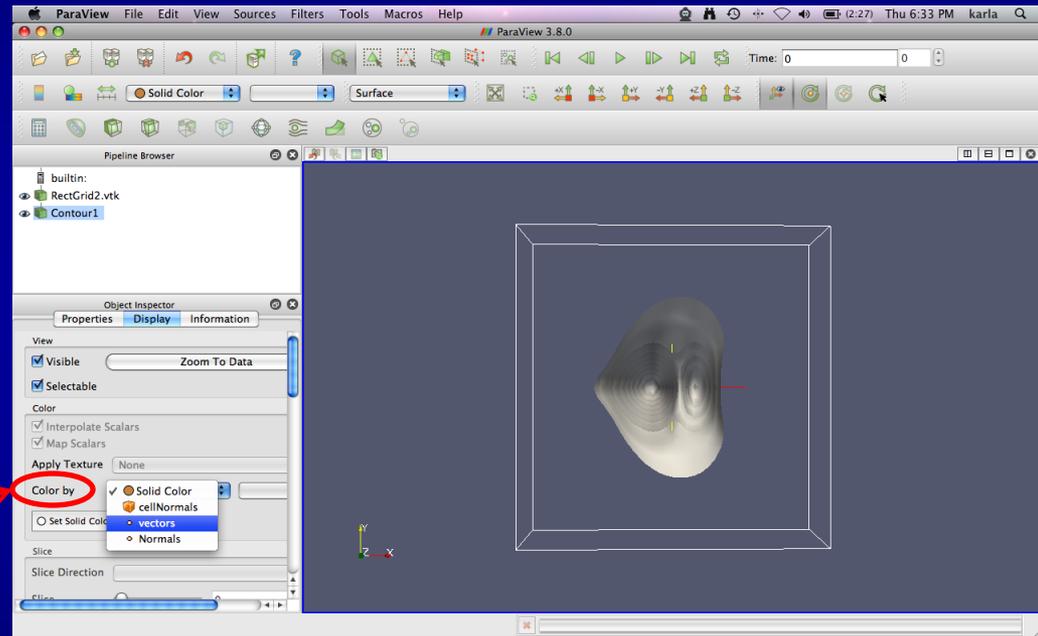
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# ParaView

## Create isosurfaces

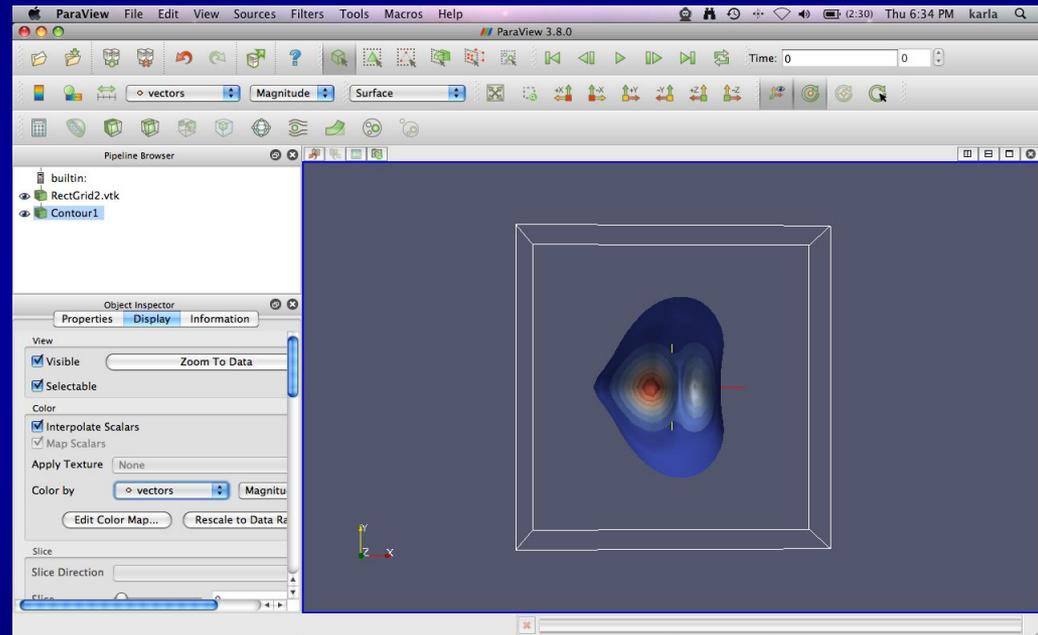
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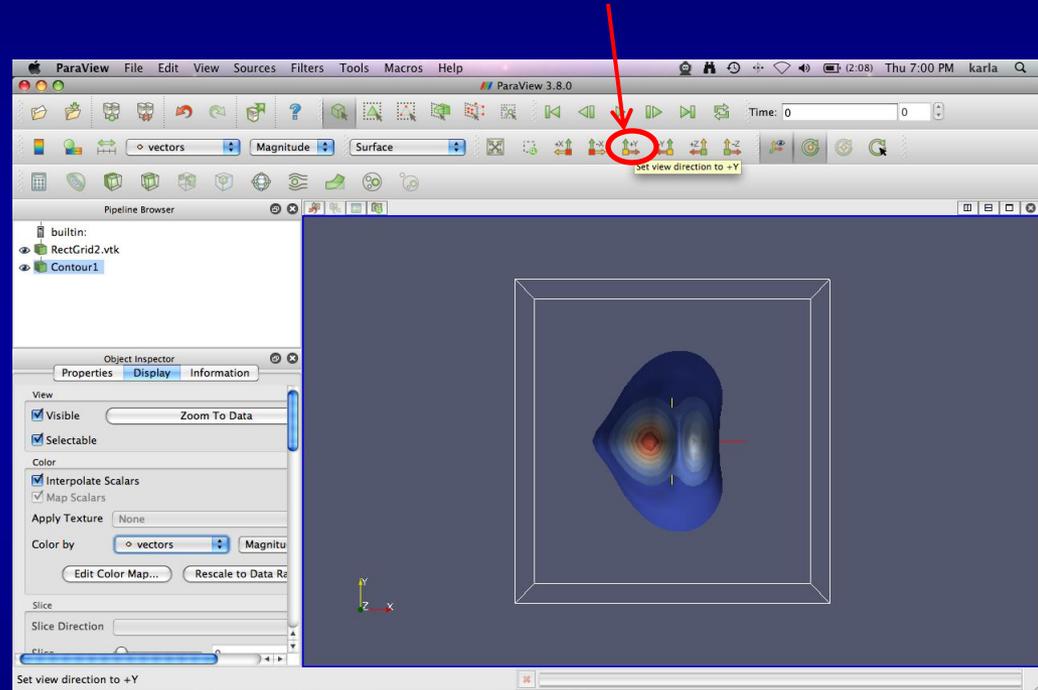
- Click Filters -> Common -> Contour
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- Click New Range
- Keep defaults, click OK
- Click blue Apply
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# ParaView

## Clip isosurfaces

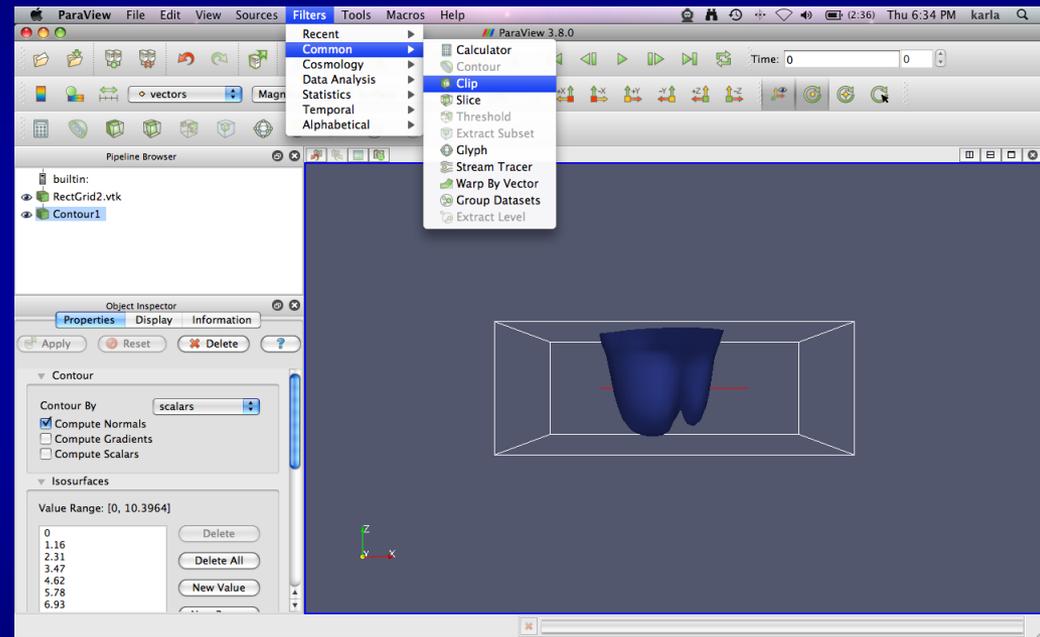
- Click **+Y view button**
- Click Filters -> Common -> Clip
- Drag arrow point around to front of surface (arrow turns red when selected)
- Click blue Apply
- Click Inside Out checkbox
- Click blue Apply
- Click Show Center button to remove crosshairs



# ParaView

## Clip isosurfaces

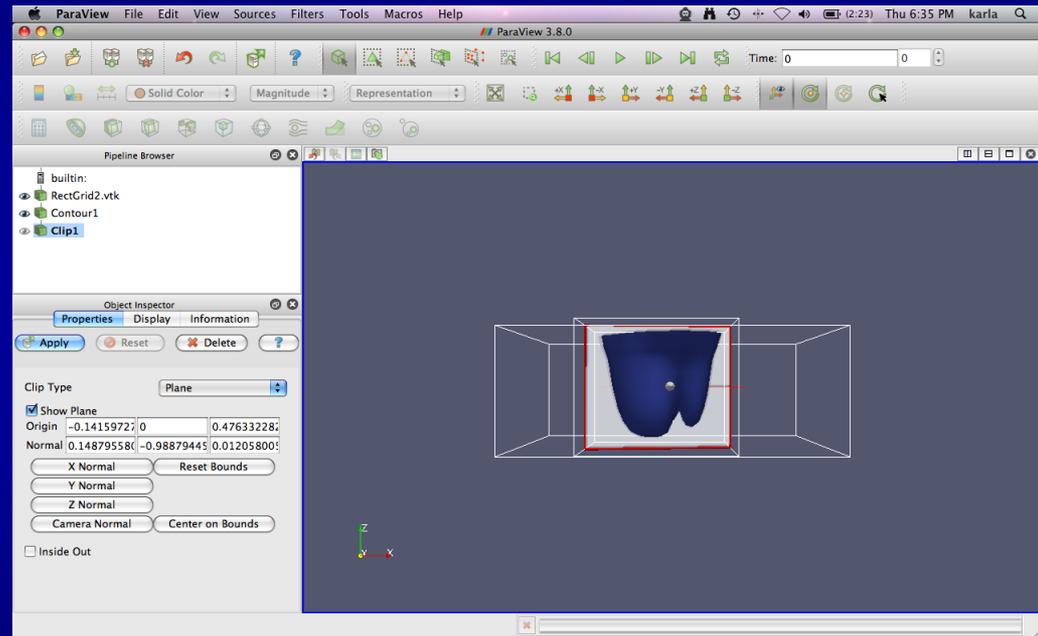
- Click +Y view button
- Click Filters -> Common -> Clip
- Drag arrow point around to front of surface (arrow turns red when selected)
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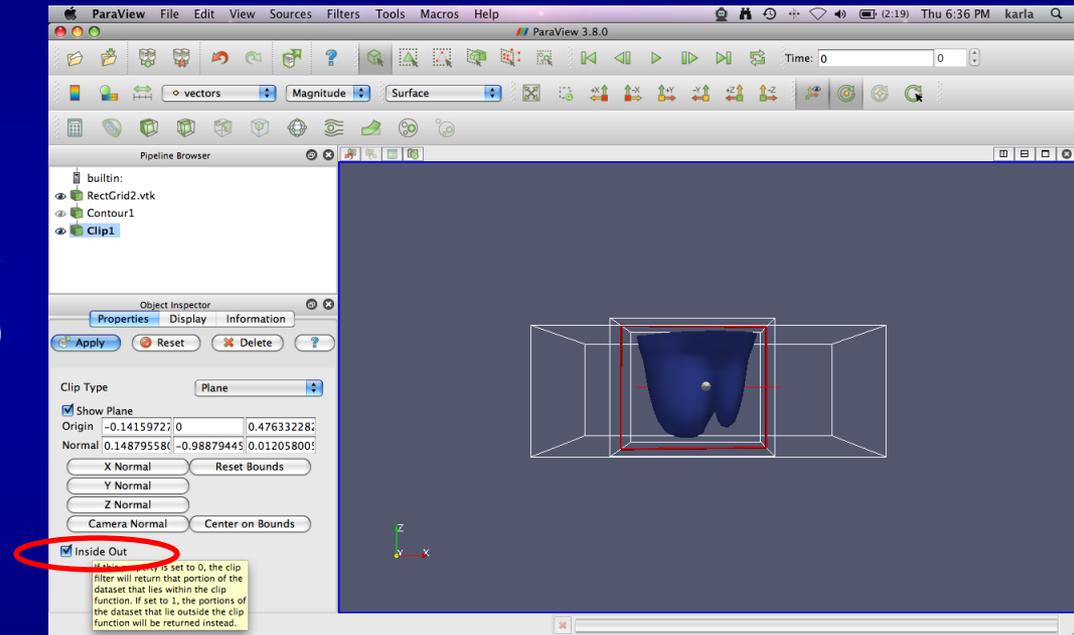
- Click +Y view button
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## Clip isosurfaces

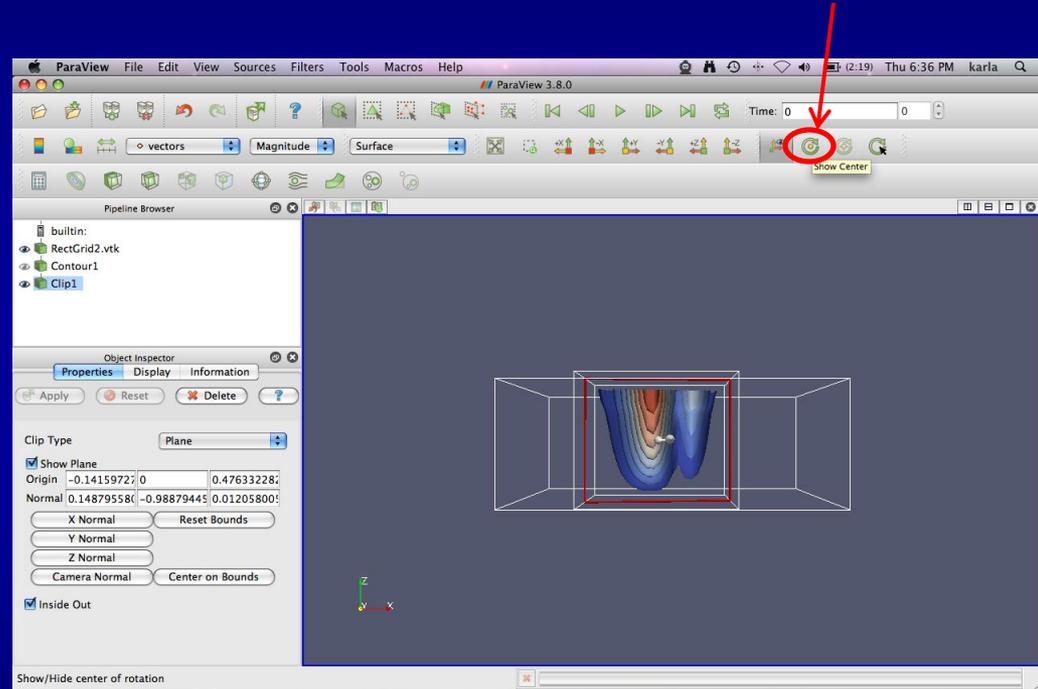
- Click +Y view button
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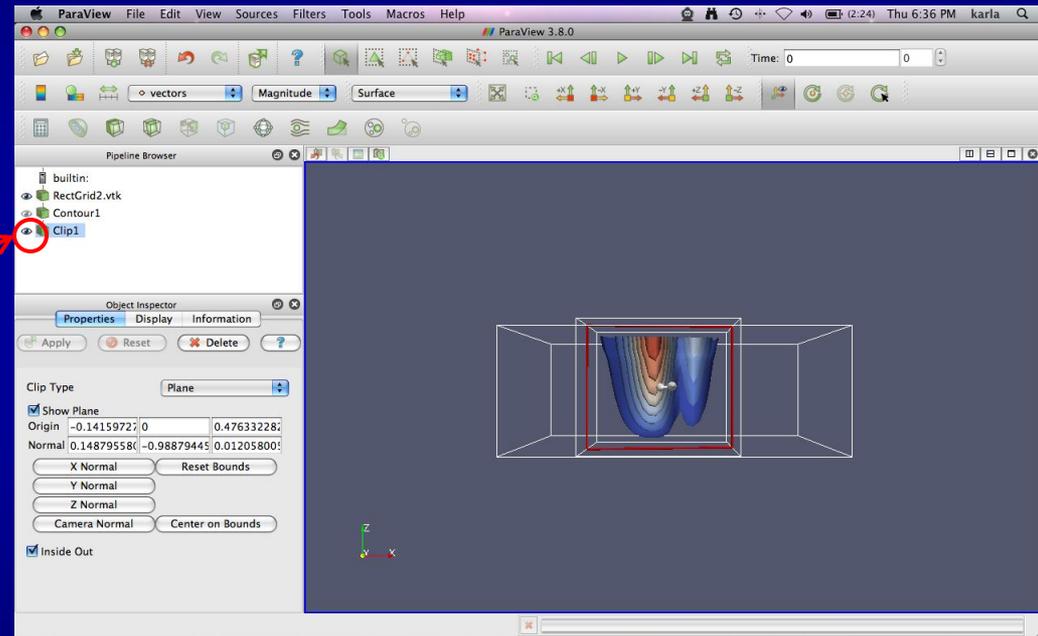
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# ParaView

## Slice isosurfaces

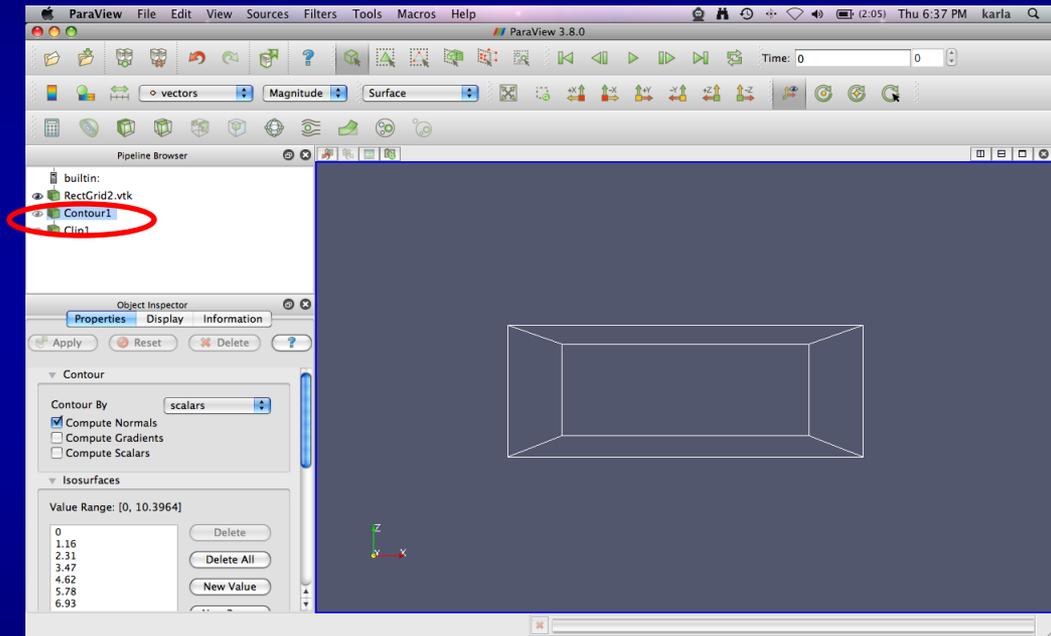
- Click eye next to `Clip1` to hide clip plot
- Click `Contour1` in Pipeline Browser
- Click `Filters` -> `Common` -> `Slice`
- Drag arrow point around to front of surface (arrow turns red when selected)
- Click blue `Apply`



# ParaView

## Slice isosurfaces

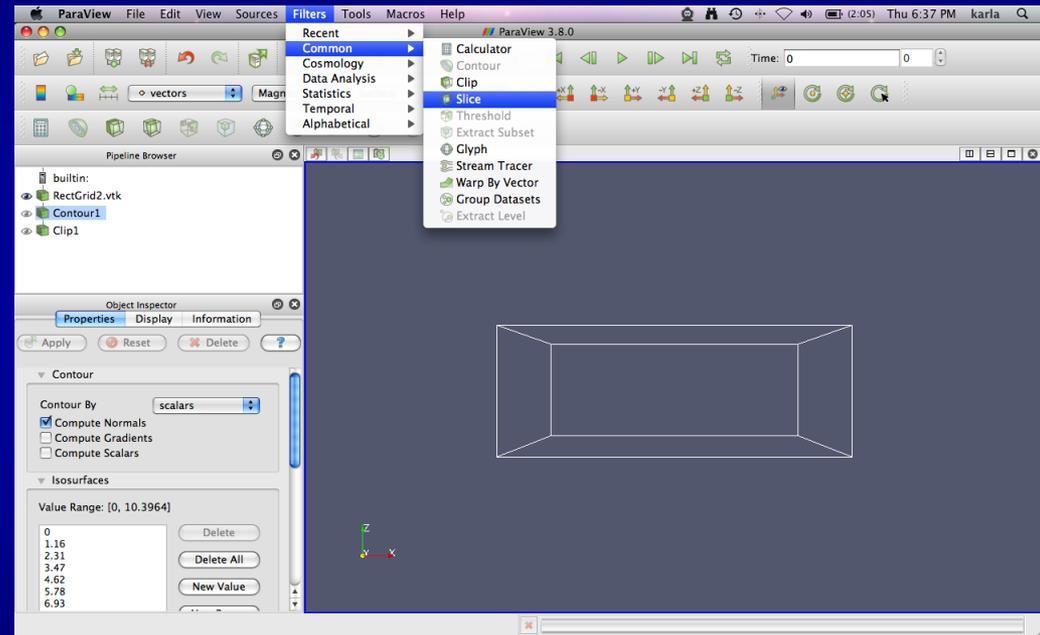
- Click eye next to `Clip1` to hide clip plot
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- Click `Filters` -> `Common` -> `Slice`
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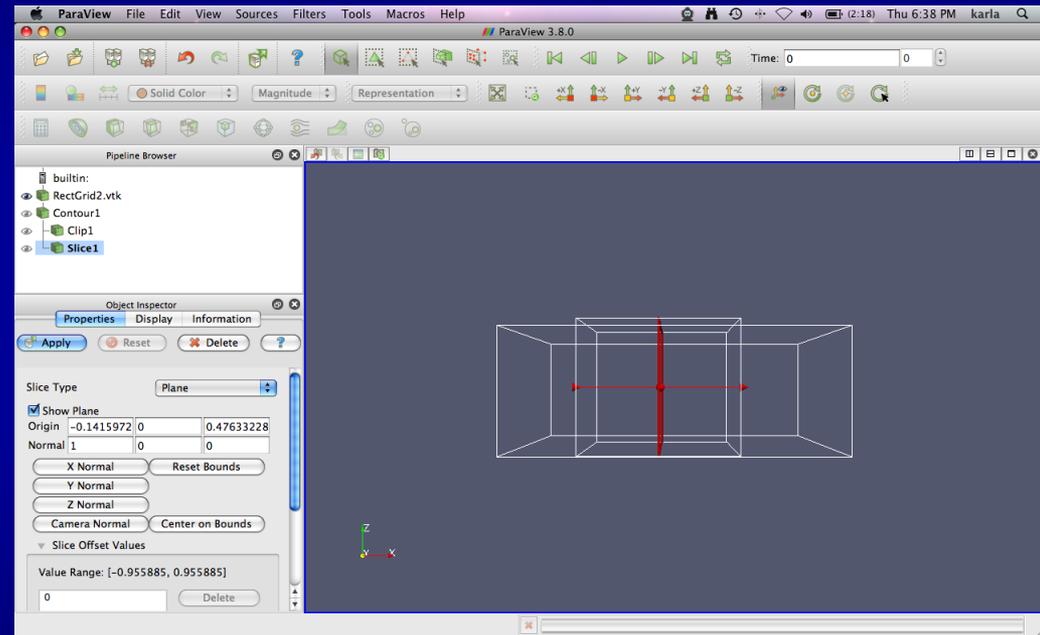
- Click eye next to `Clip1` to hide clip plot
- Click `Contour1` in Pipeline Browser
- **Click Filters** -> **Common** -> **Slice**
- Drag arrow point around to front of surface (arrow turns red when selected)
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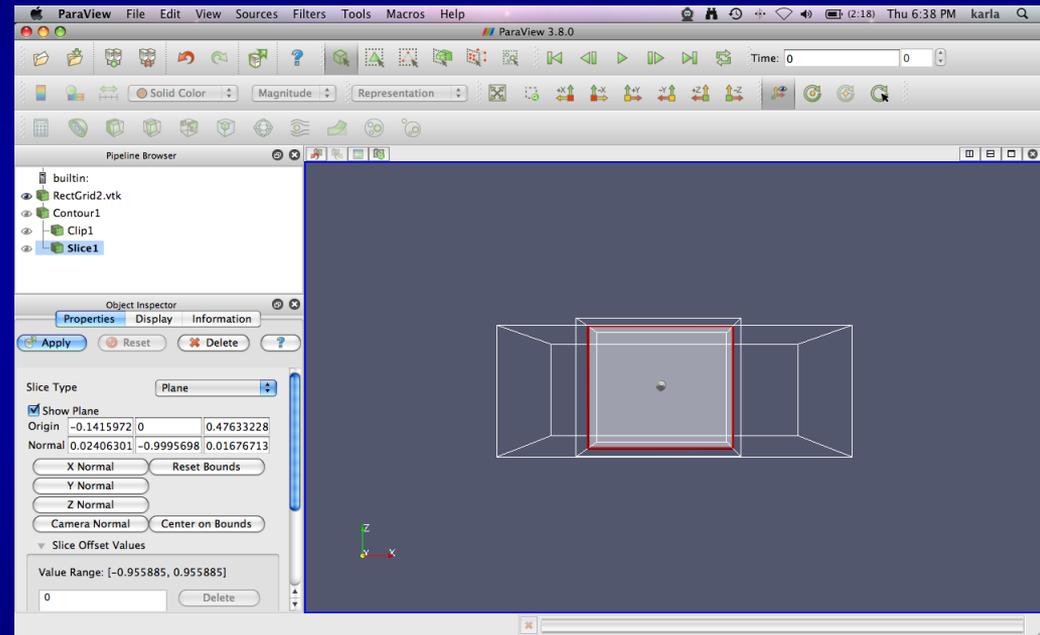
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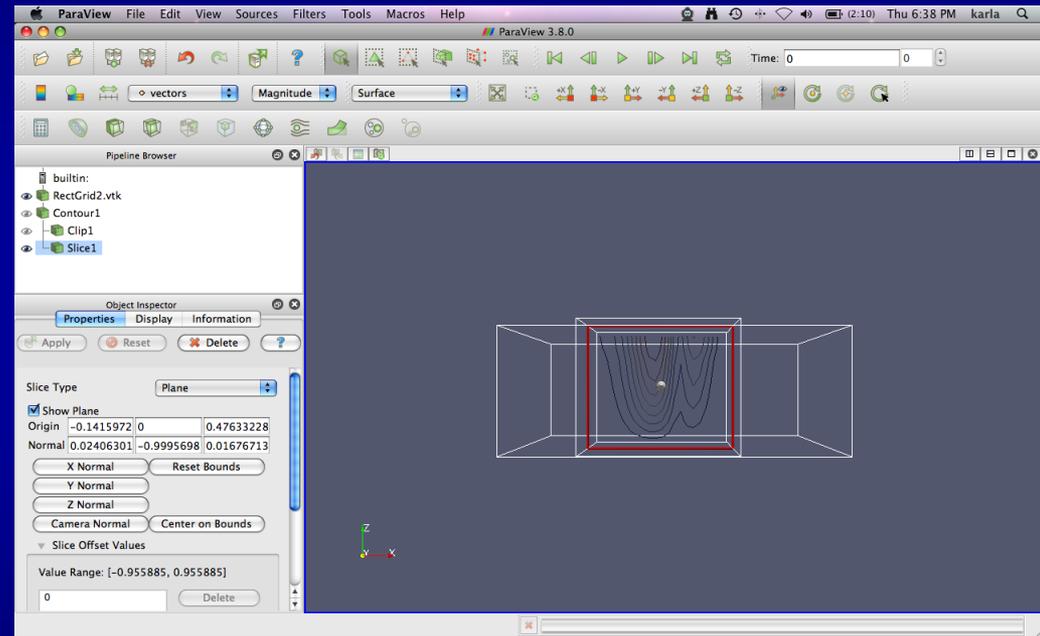
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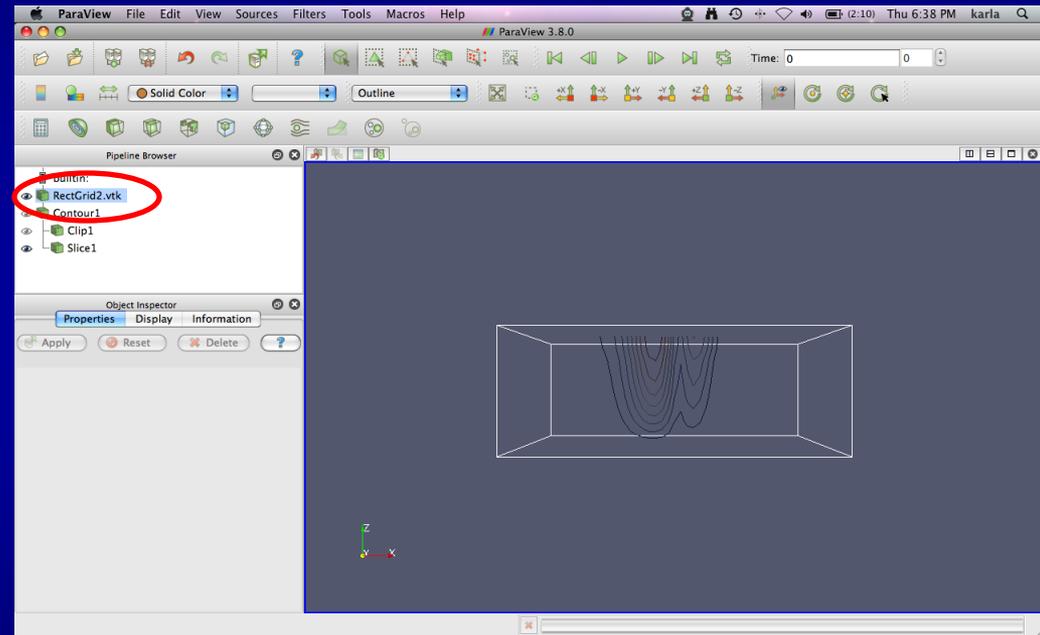
- Click eye next to `Clip1` to hide clip plot
- Click `Contour1` in Pipeline Browser
- Click `Filters` -> `Common` -> `Slice`
- Drag arrow point around to front of surface (arrow turns red when selected)
- Click blue `Apply`



# ParaView

## Create Glyph of Vector Field

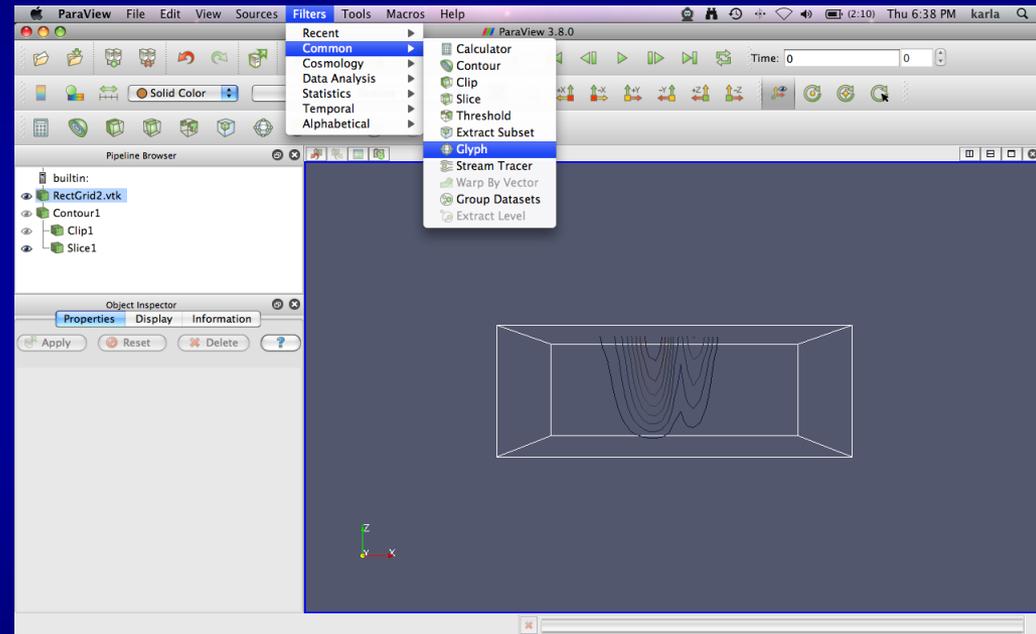
- Click `RectGrid2.vtk` in Pipeline Browser
- Click `Filters` -> `Common` -> `Glyph`
- Click blue `Apply`



# ParaView

## Create Glyph of Vector Field

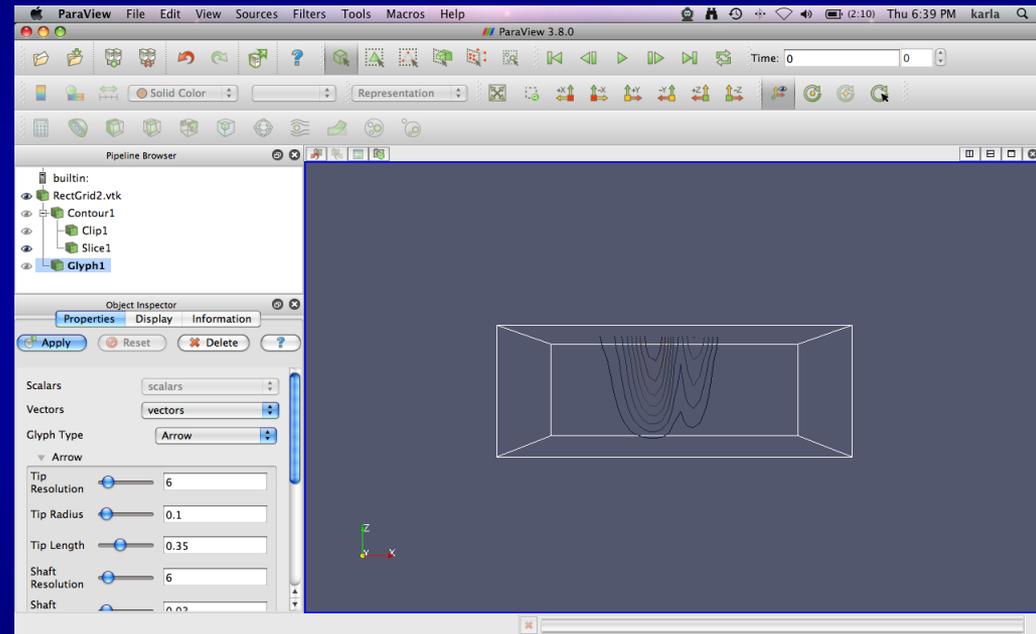
- Click `RectGrid2.vtk` in Pipeline Browser
- Click `Filters` -> `Common` -> `Glyph`
- Click blue `Apply`



# ParaView

## Create Glyph of Vector Field

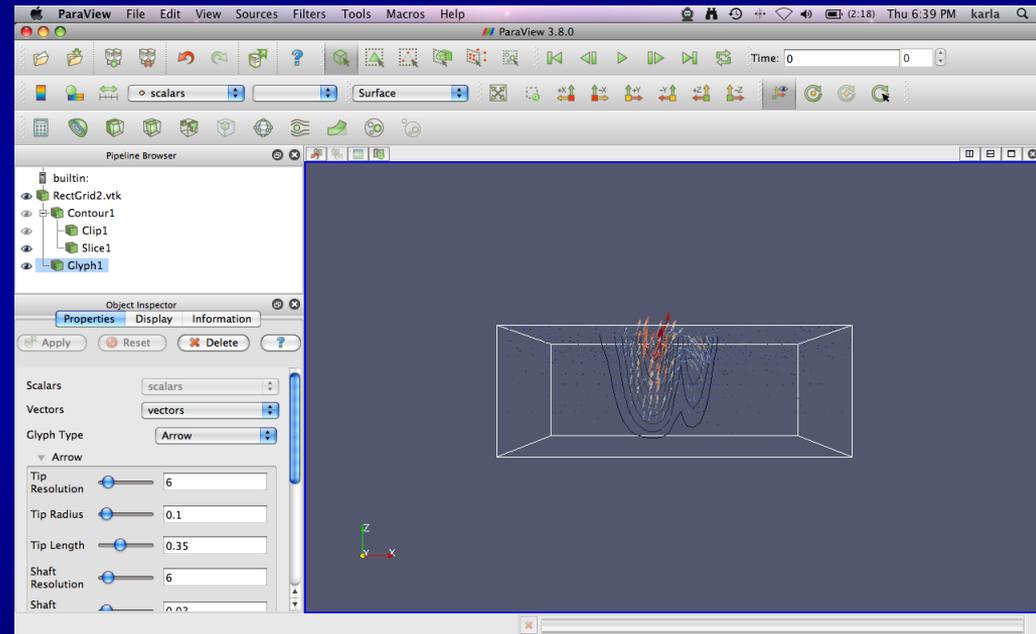
- Click `RectGrid2.vtk` in Pipeline Browser
- Click `Filters` -> `Common` -> `Glyph`
- Click **blue** `Apply`



# ParaView

## Create Glyph of Vector Field

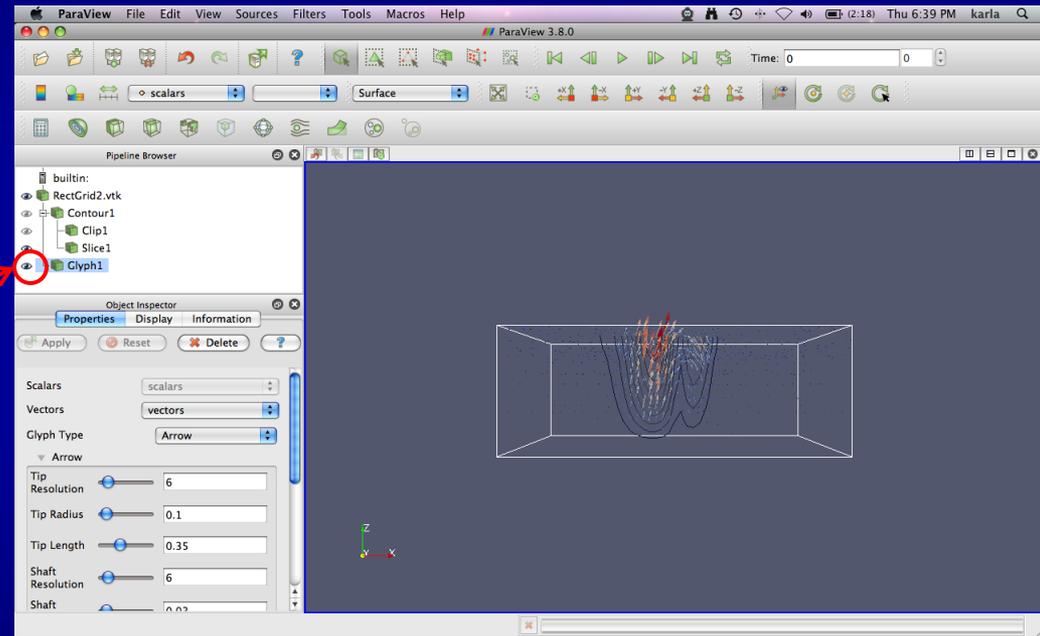
- Click `RectGrid2.vtk` in Pipeline Browser
- Click `Filters` -> `Common` -> `Glyph`
- Click blue `Apply`



# ParaView

## Create Streamlines

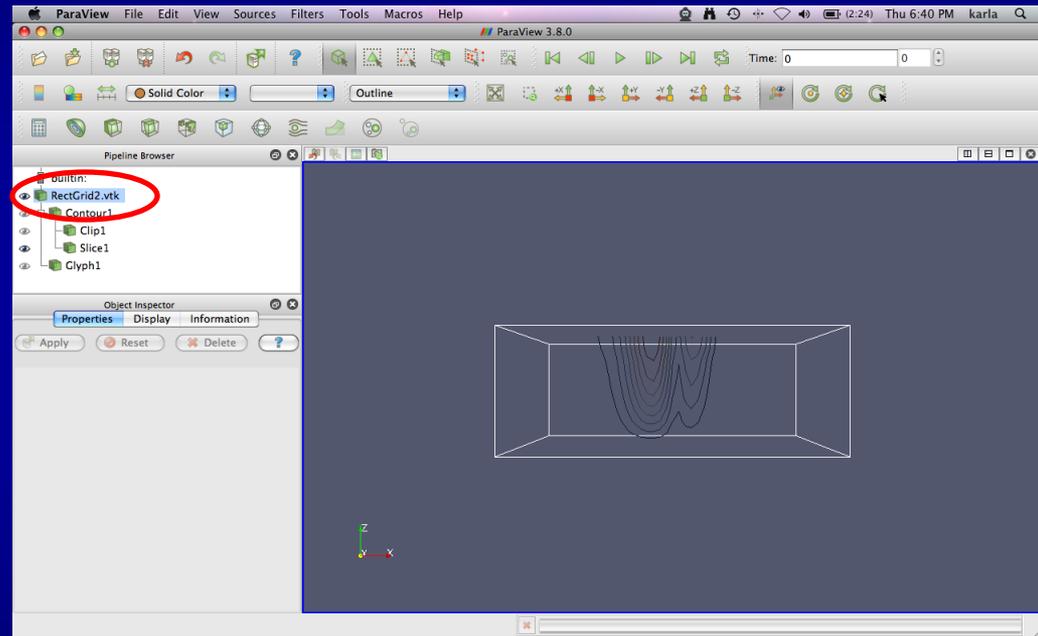
- Click eye next to `Glyph1` to hide glyph plot
- Click `RectGrid2.vtk` in Pipeline Browser
- Click `Filters` -> `Common` -> `Stream Tracer`
- Click blue `Apply`
- Under `Display` tab, in the `Color by` box, select `Vorticity`



# ParaView

## Create Streamlines

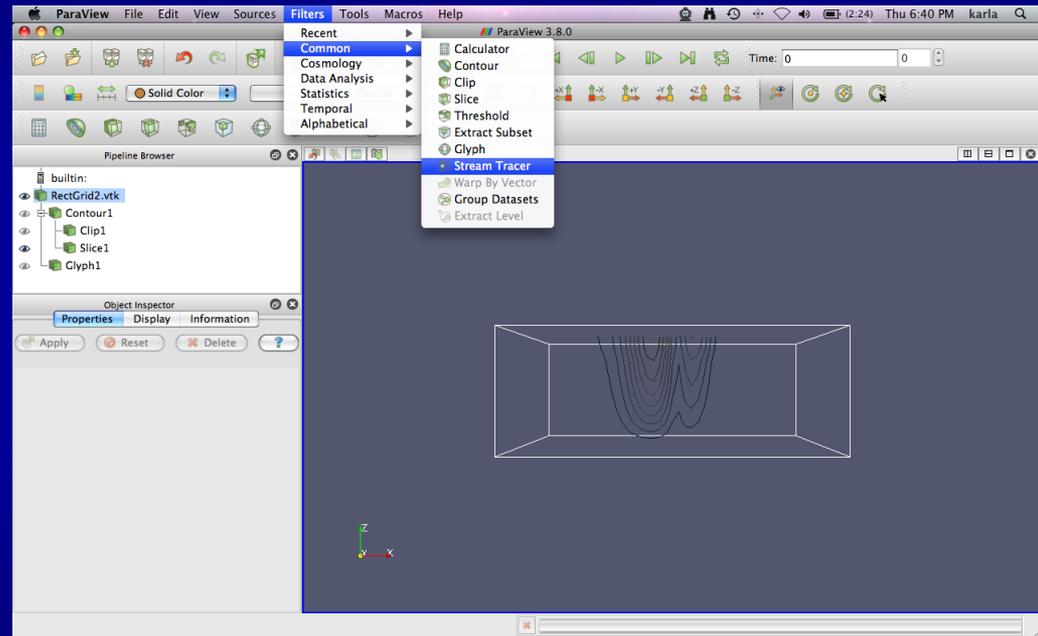
- Click eye next to `Glyph1` to hide glyph plot
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- Click `Filters` -> `Common` -> `Stream Tracer`
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# ParaView

## Create Streamlines

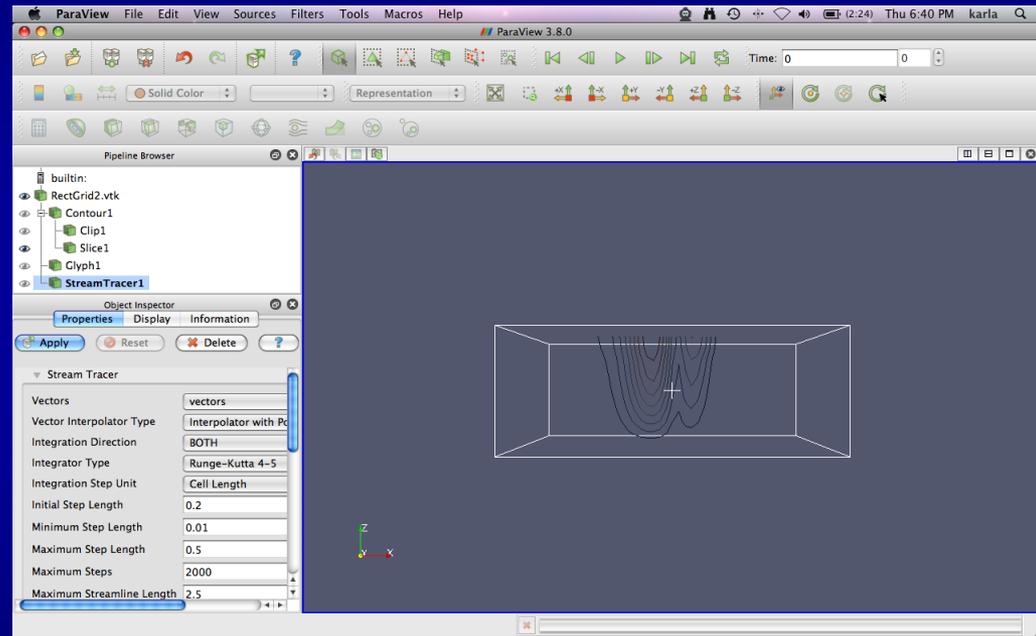
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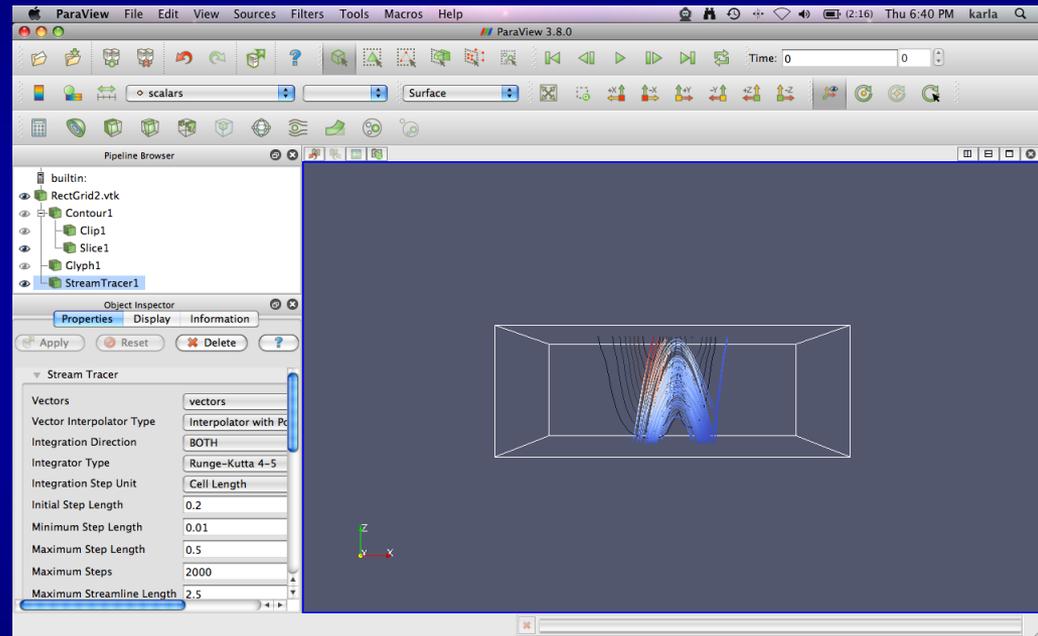
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## Create Streamlines

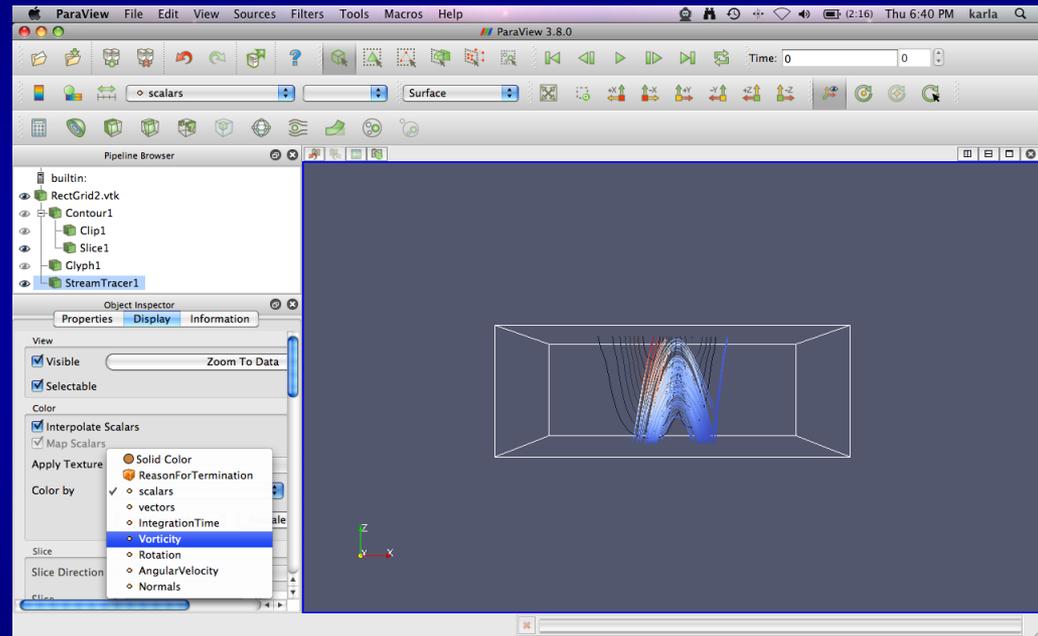
- Click eye next to `Glyph1` to hide glyph plot
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- Click `Filters` -> `Common` -> `Stream Tracer`
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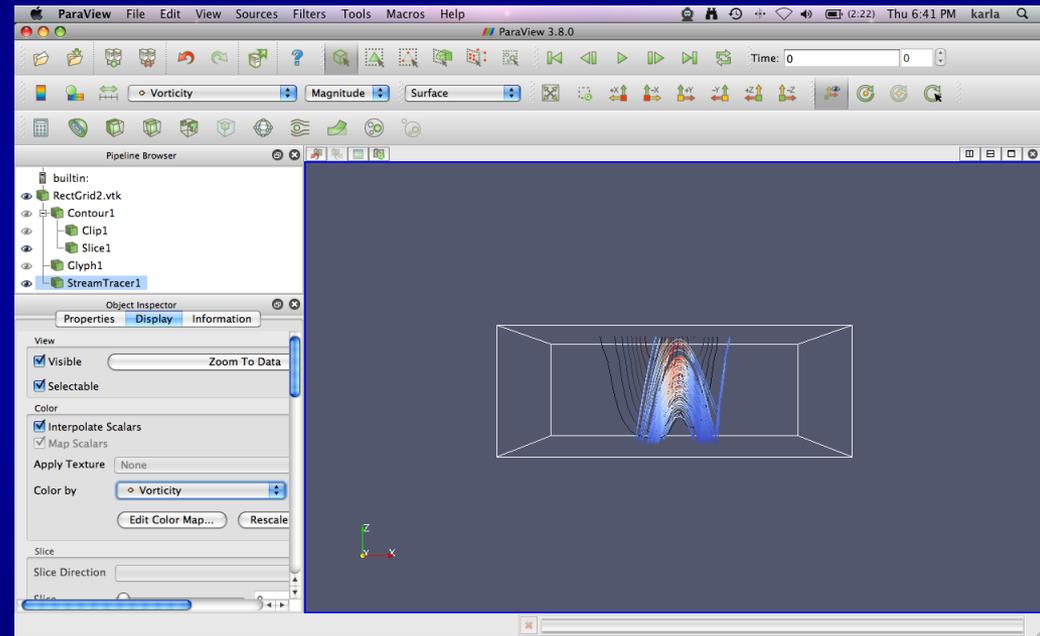
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# ParaView

## Create Streamlines

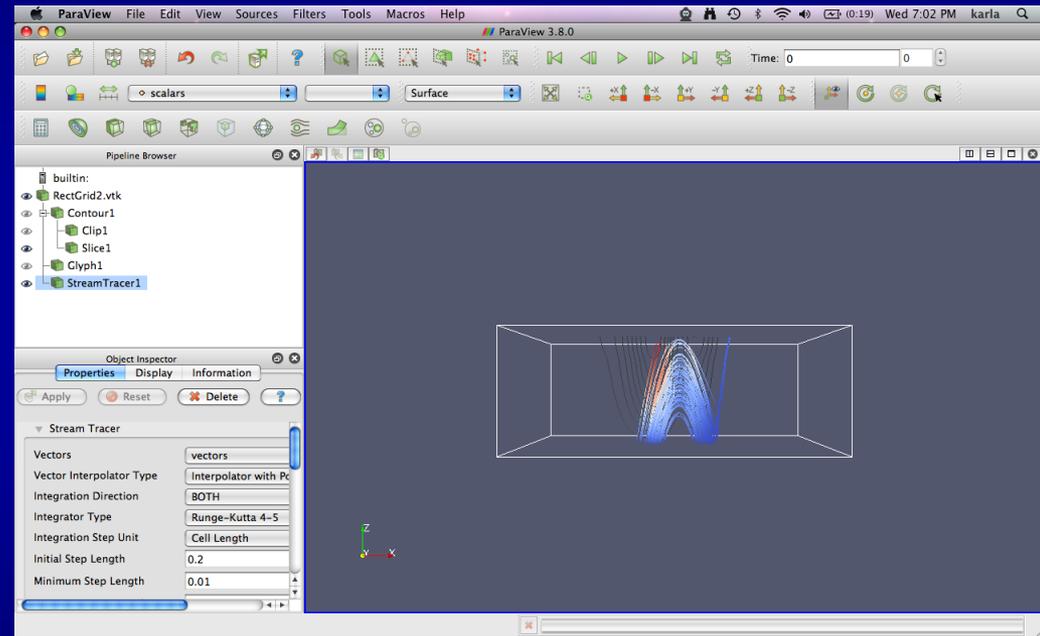
- Click eye next to `Glyph1` to hide glyph plot
- Click `RectGrid2.vtk` in Pipeline Browser
- Click `Filters` -> `Common` -> `Stream Tracer`
- Click blue `Apply`
- Under `Display` tab, in the `Color by` box, select `Vorticity`



# ParaView

## Create Tubes

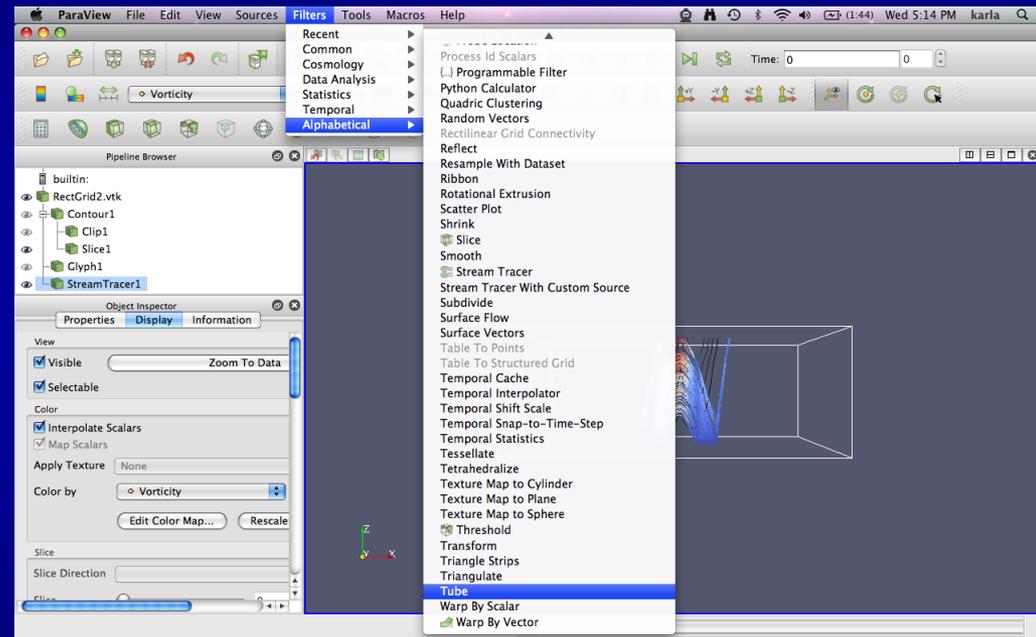
- Click StreamTracer1 in Pipeline Browser
- Click Filters -> Alphabetical -> Tube
- Click blue Apply



# ParaView

## Create Tubes

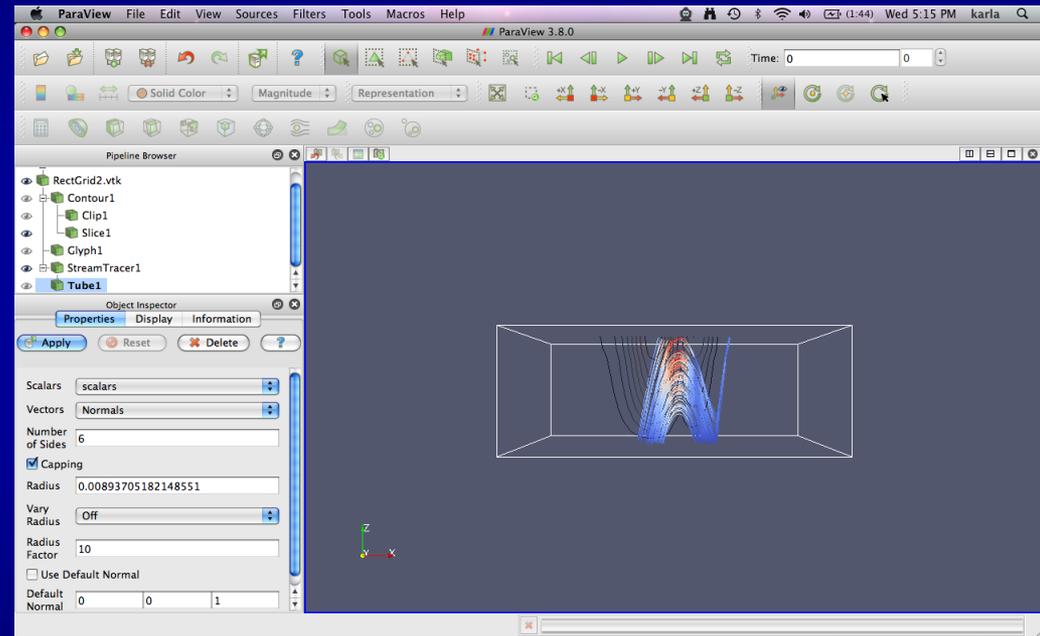
- Click StreamTracer1 in Pipeline Browser
- Click Filters -> Alphabetical -> Tube
- Click blue Apply



# ParaView

## Create Tubes

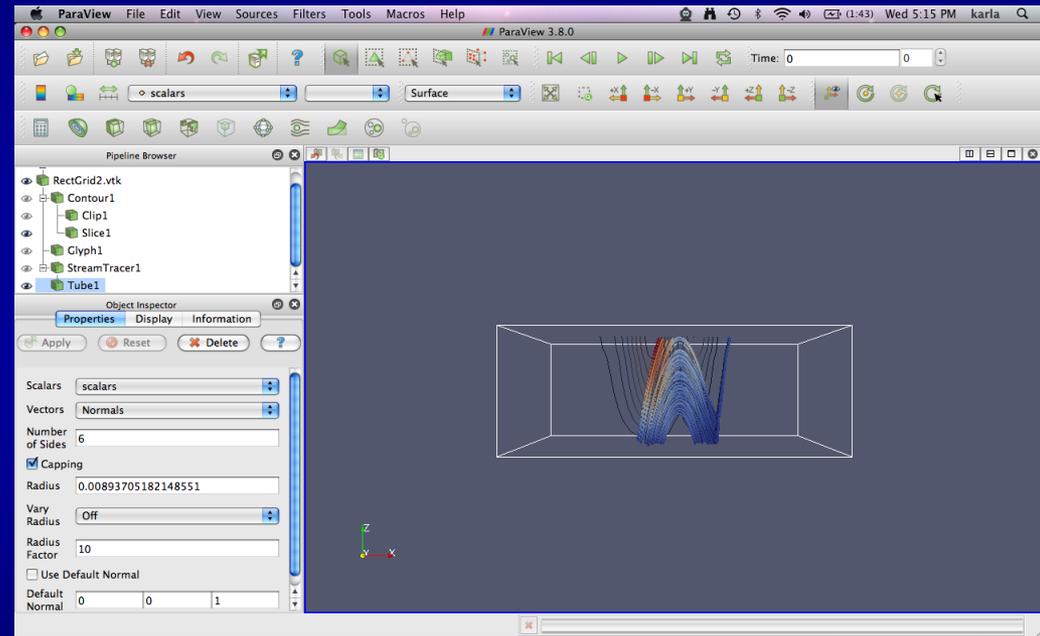
- Click StreamTracer1 in Pipeline Browser
- Click Filters -> Alphabetical -> Tube
- Click blue Apply



# ParaView

## Create Tubes

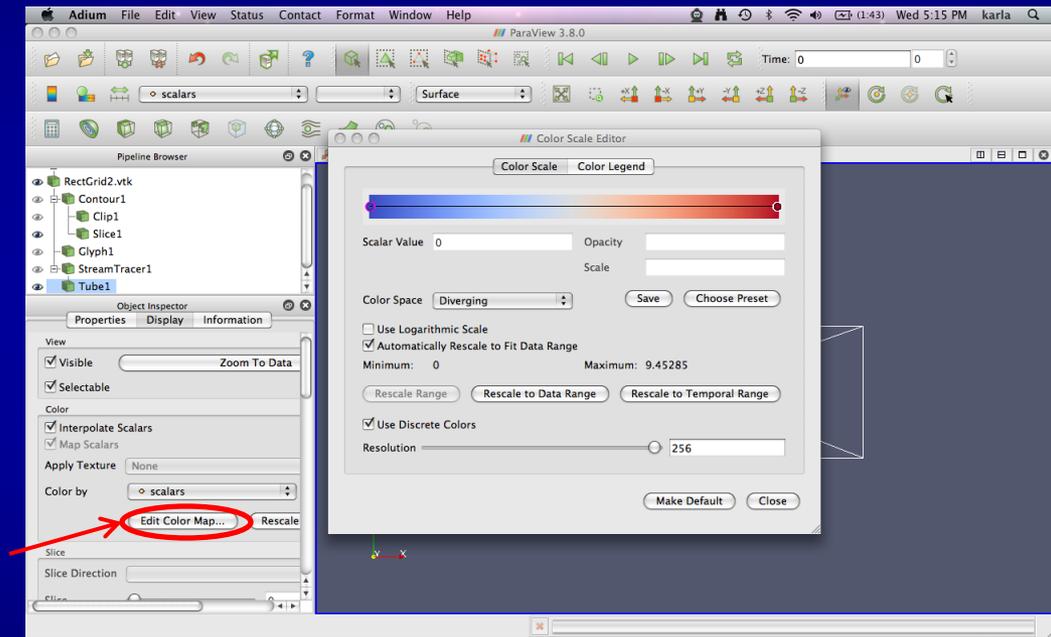
- Click StreamTracer1 in Pipeline Browser
- Click Filters -> Alphabetical -> Tube
- Click blue Apply



# ParaView

## Edit Color Map

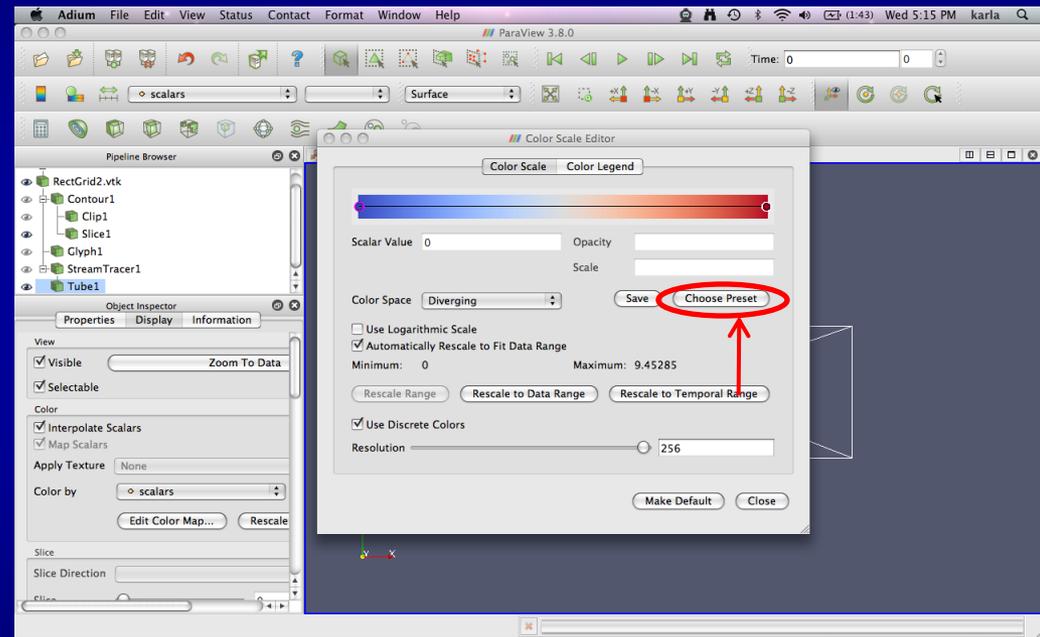
- Click Edit Color Map
- Click Choose Preset
- Select BLUE...HSV
- Click blue OK
- Click blue Close



# ParaView

## Edit Color Map

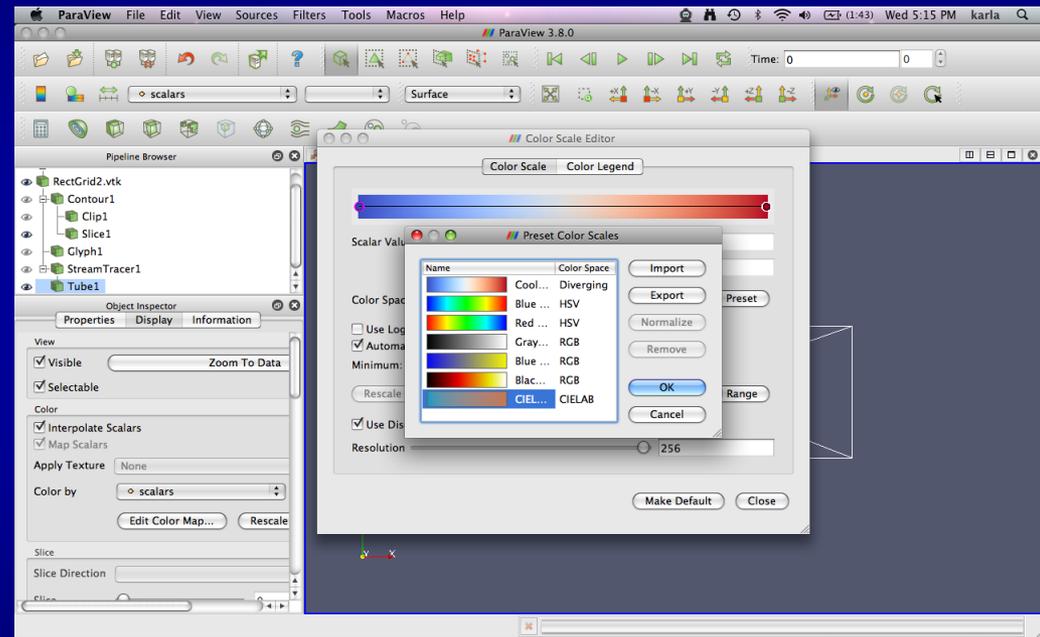
- Click Edit Color Map
- Click Choose Preset
- Select BLUE...HSV
- Click blue OK
- Click blue Close



# ParaView

## Edit Color Map

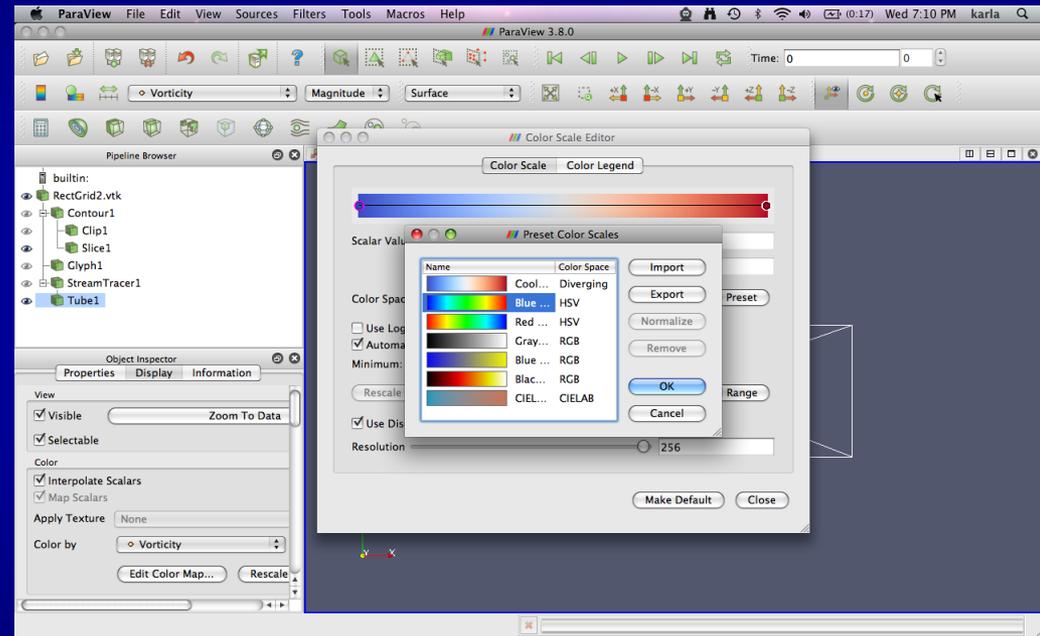
- Click Edit Color Map
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- Select BLUE...HSV
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- Click blue Close



# ParaView

## Edit Color Map

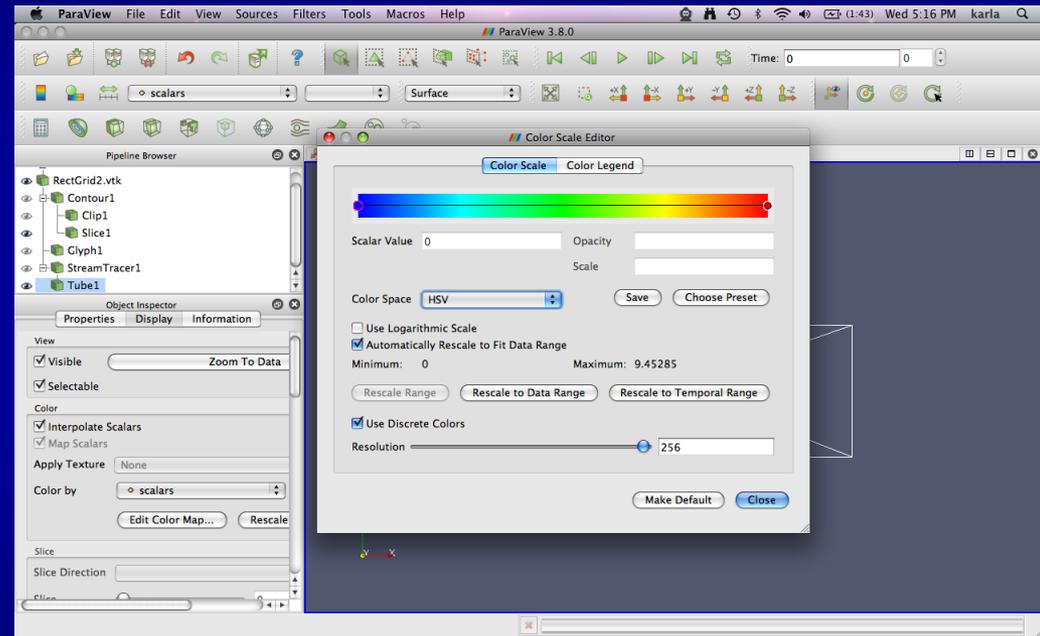
- Click Edit Color Map
- Click Choose Preset
- **Select BLUE...HSV**
- **Click blue OK**
- Click blue Close



# ParaView

## Edit Color Map

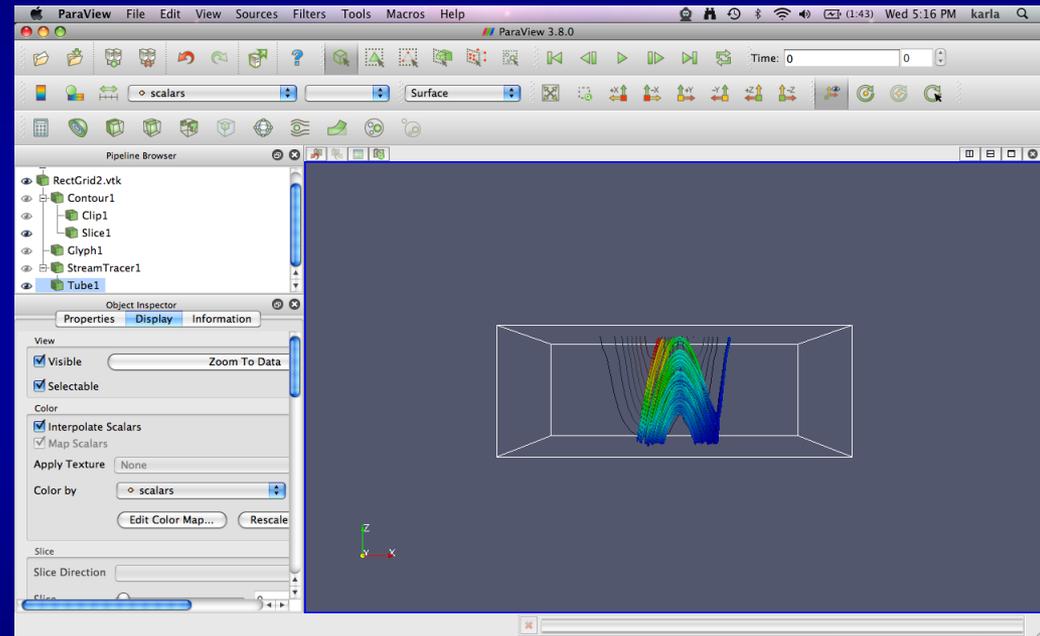
- Click Edit Color Map
- Click Choose Preset
- Select BLUE...HSV
- Click blue OK
- Click blue Close



# ParaView

## Edit Color Map

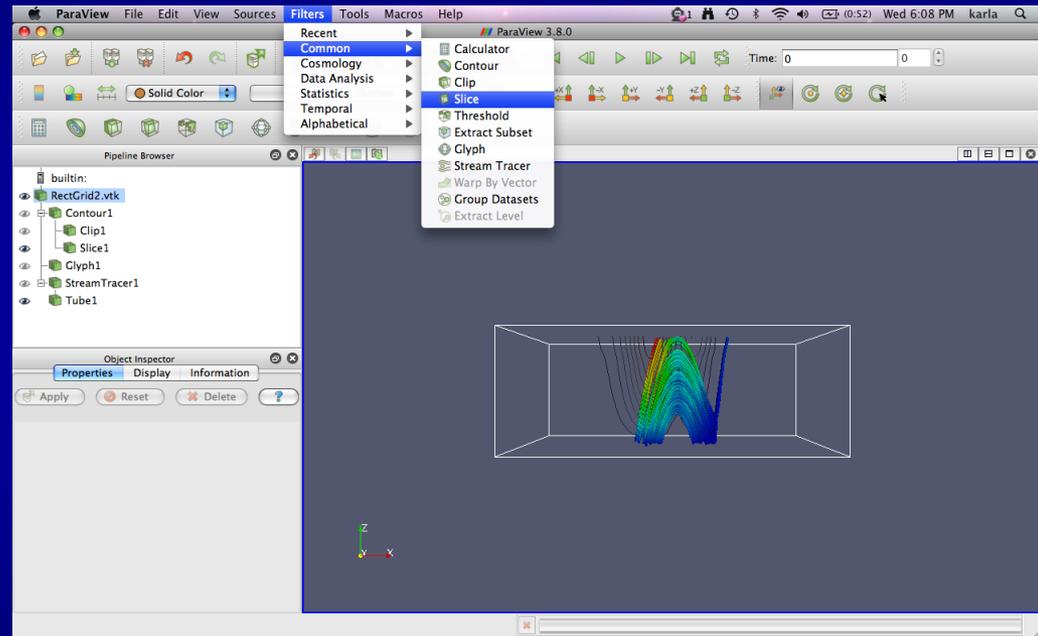
- Click Edit Color Map
- Click Choose Preset
- Select BLUE...HSV
- Click blue OK
- Click blue Close



# ParaView

## Create Slice

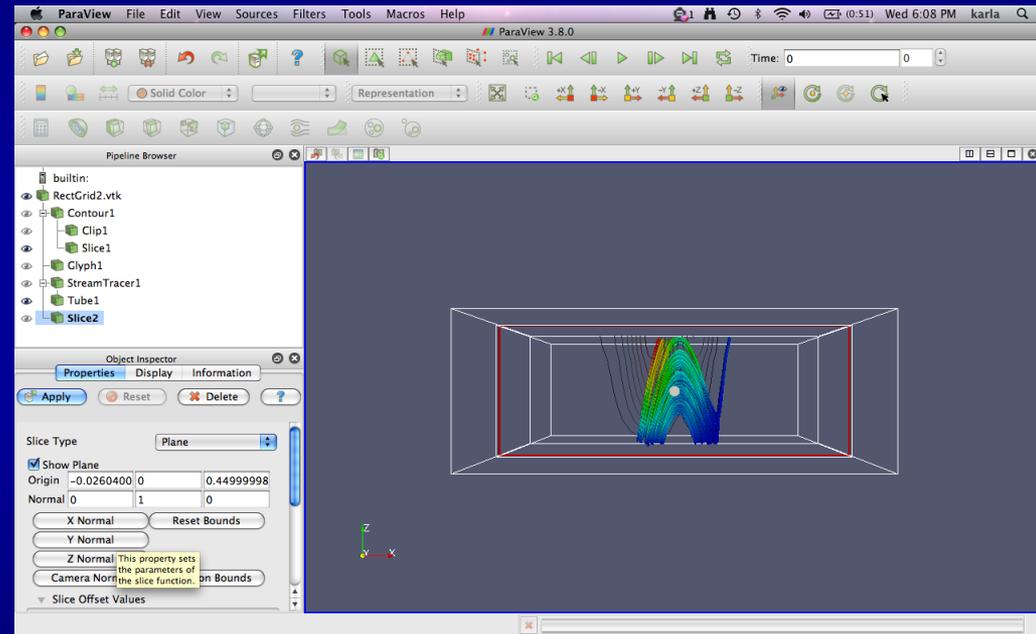
- Click `RectGrid2.vtk` in Pipeline Browser
- Click `Filters` -> `Common` -> `Slice`
- Drag arrow point around to front of surface (arrow turns red when selected)
- Or click `Y Normal`
- Click blue `Apply`
- Click `Show Plane`



# ParaView

## Create Slice

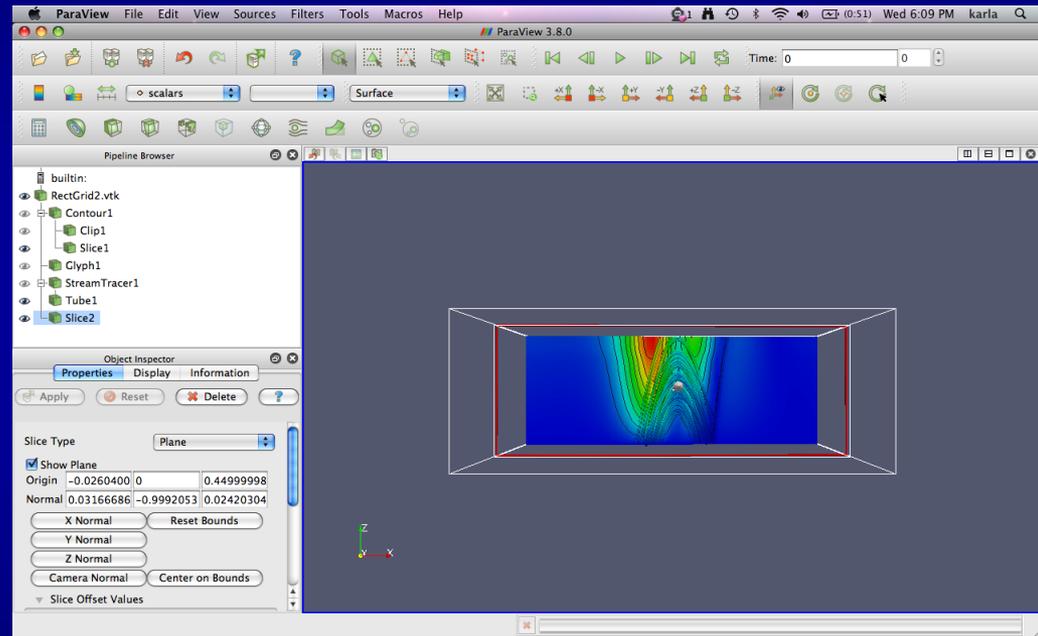
- Click `RectGrid2.vtk` in Pipeline Browser
- Click `Filters` -> `Common` -> `Slice`
- Drag arrow point around to front of surface (arrow turns red when selected)
- Or click `Y Normal`
- Click blue `Apply`
- Click `Show Plane`



# ParaView

## Create Slice

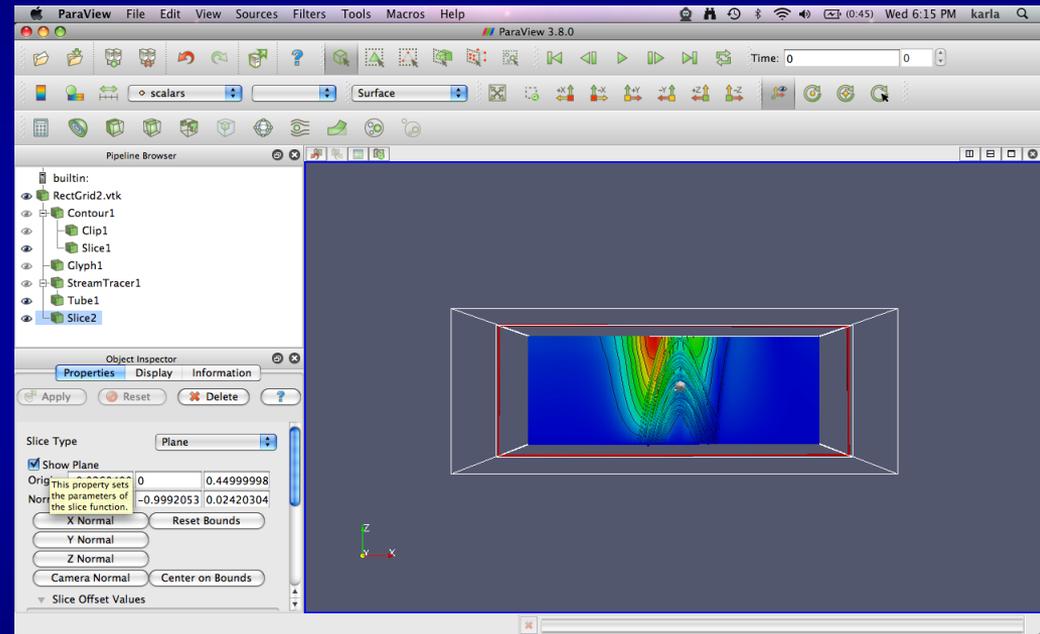
- Click `RectGrid2.vtk` in Pipeline Browser
- Click `Filters` -> `Common` -> `Slice`
- Drag arrow point around to front of surface (arrow turns red when selected)
- Or click `Y Normal`
- Click **blue** `Apply`
- Click `Show Plane`



# ParaView

## Create Slice

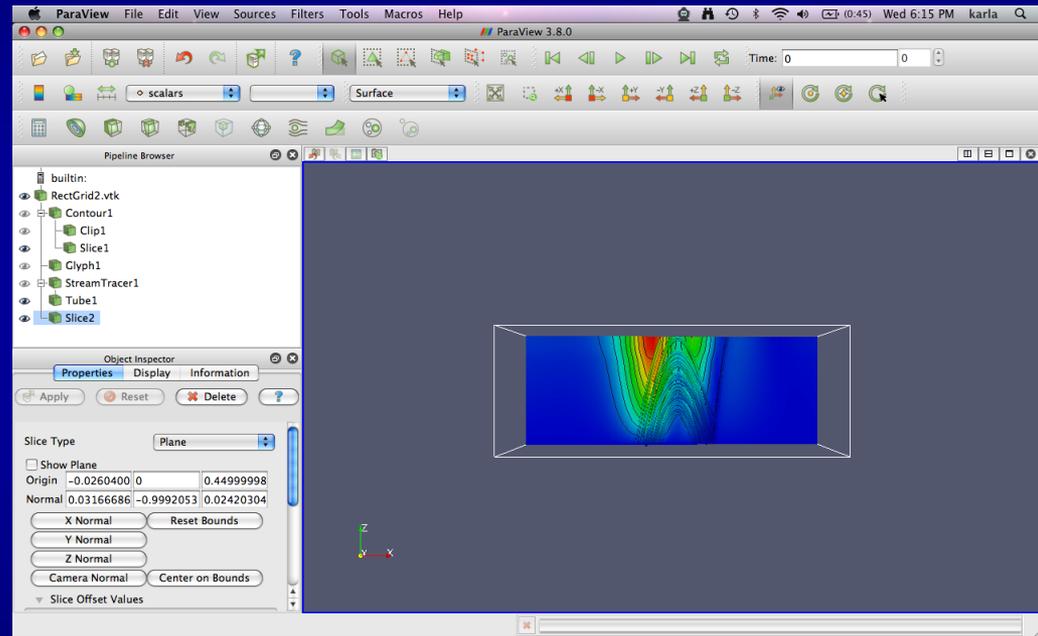
- Click `RectGrid2.vtk` in Pipeline Browser
- Click `Filters` -> `Common` -> `Slice`
- Drag arrow point around to front of surface (arrow turns red when selected)
- Or click `Y Normal`
- Click blue `Apply`
- Click `Show Plane`



# ParaView

## Create Slice

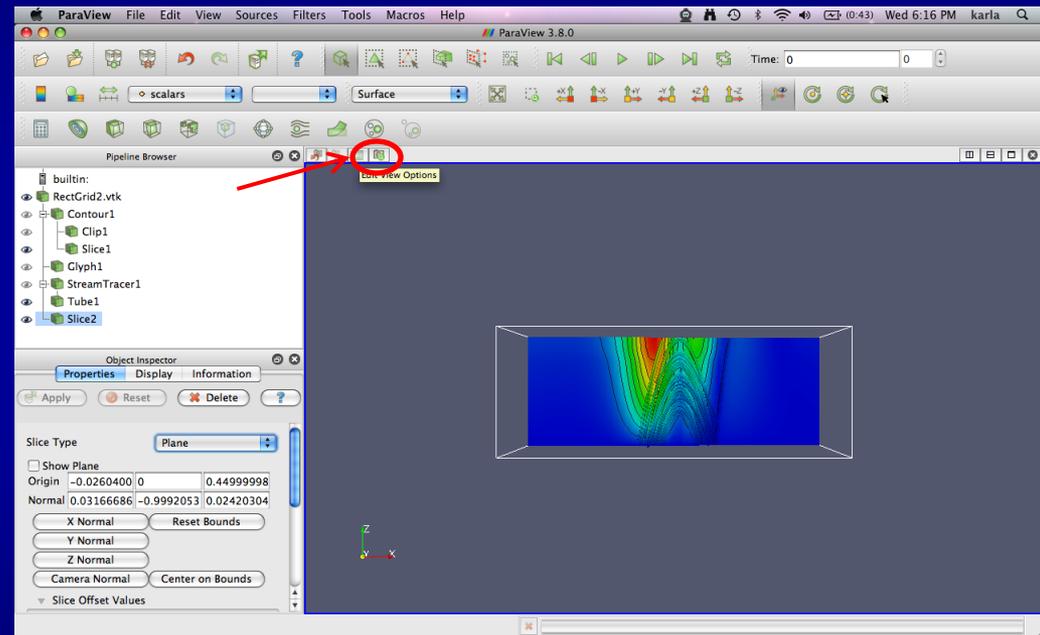
- Click `RectGrid2.vtk` in Pipeline Browser
- Click `Filters` -> `Common` -> `Slice`
- Drag arrow point around to front of surface (arrow turns red when selected)
- Or click `Y Normal`
- Click blue `Apply`
- Click `Show Plane`



# ParaView

## Background Color

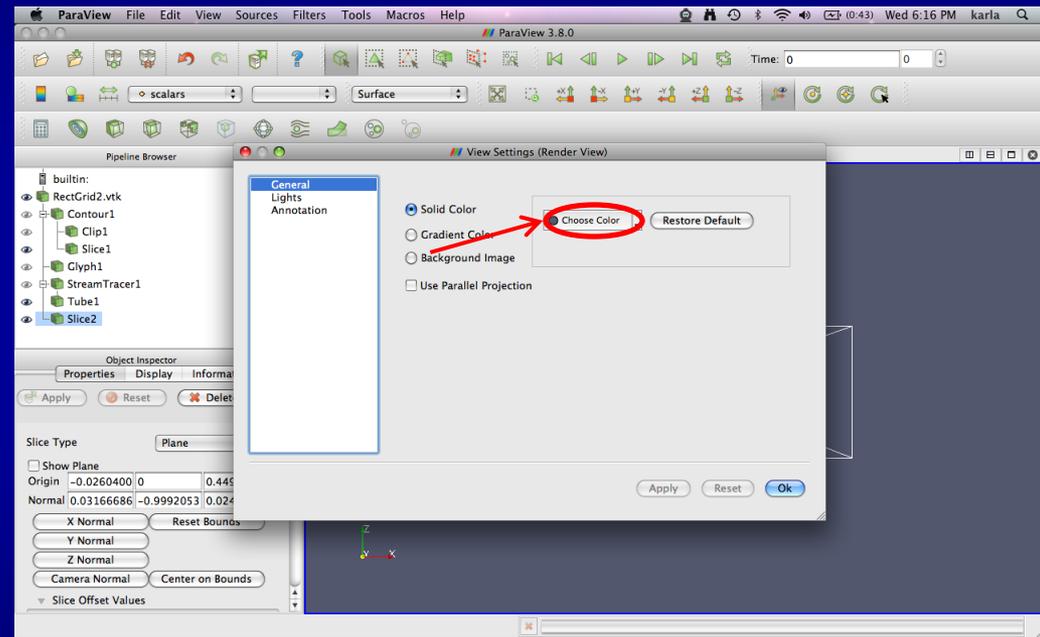
- Click the  button above the 3D view
- Click Choose Color
- Drag box to black
- Click blue Ok
- Click blue Ok



# ParaView

## Background Color

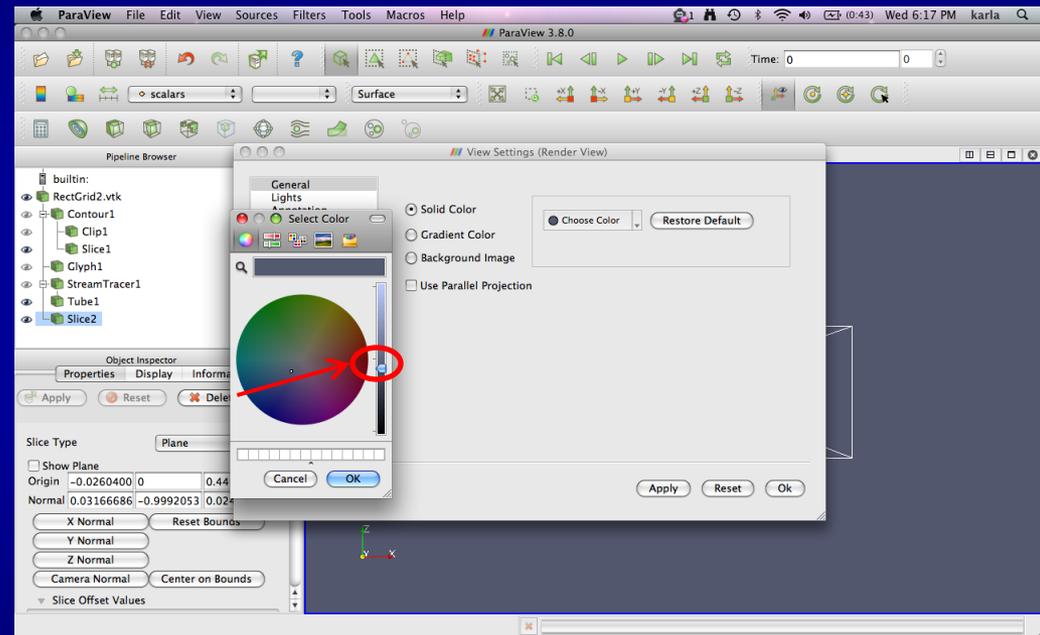
- Click the  button above the 3D view
- **Click Choose Color**
- Drag box to black
- Click blue **Ok**
- Click blue **Ok**



# ParaView

## Background Color

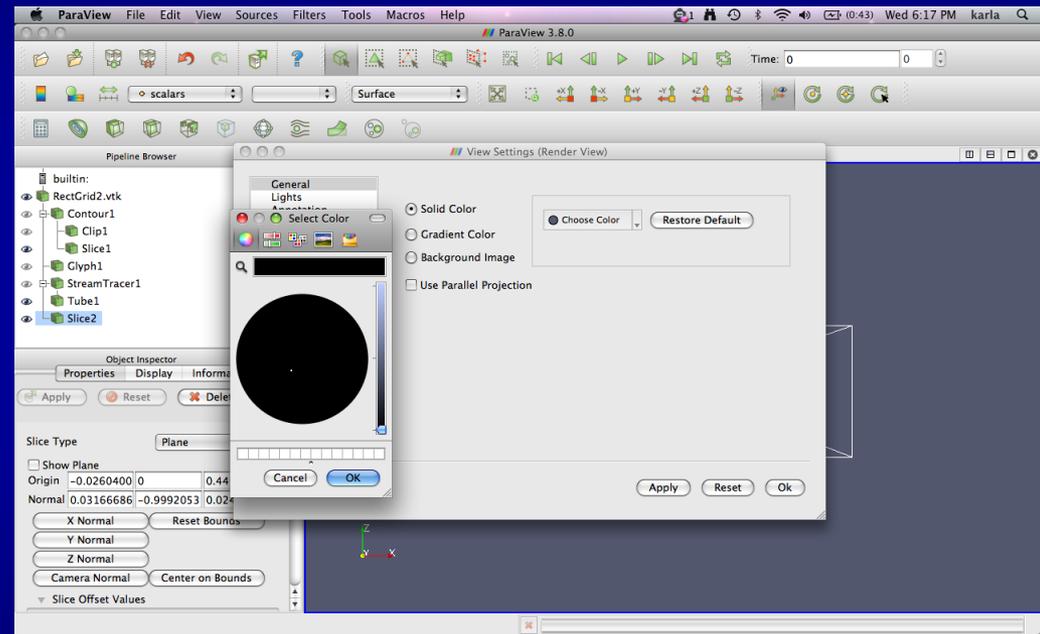
- Click the  button above the 3D view
- Click Choose Color
- **Drag box to black**
- Click blue Ok
- Click blue Ok



# ParaView

## Background Color

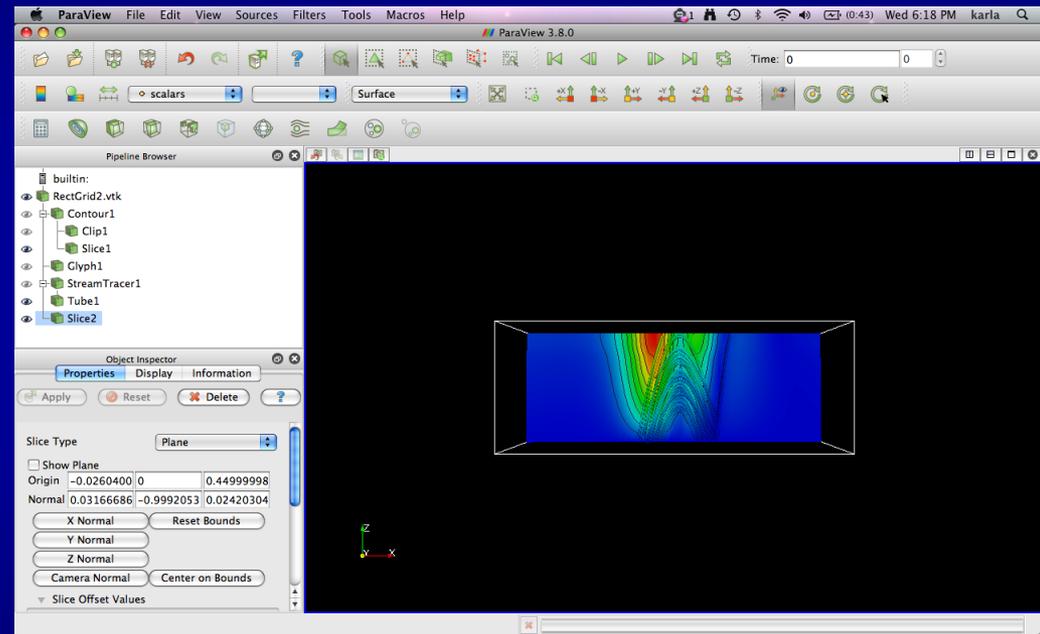
- Click the  button above the 3D view
- Click Choose Color
- Drag box to black
- Click blue Ok
- Click blue Ok



# ParaView

## Background Color

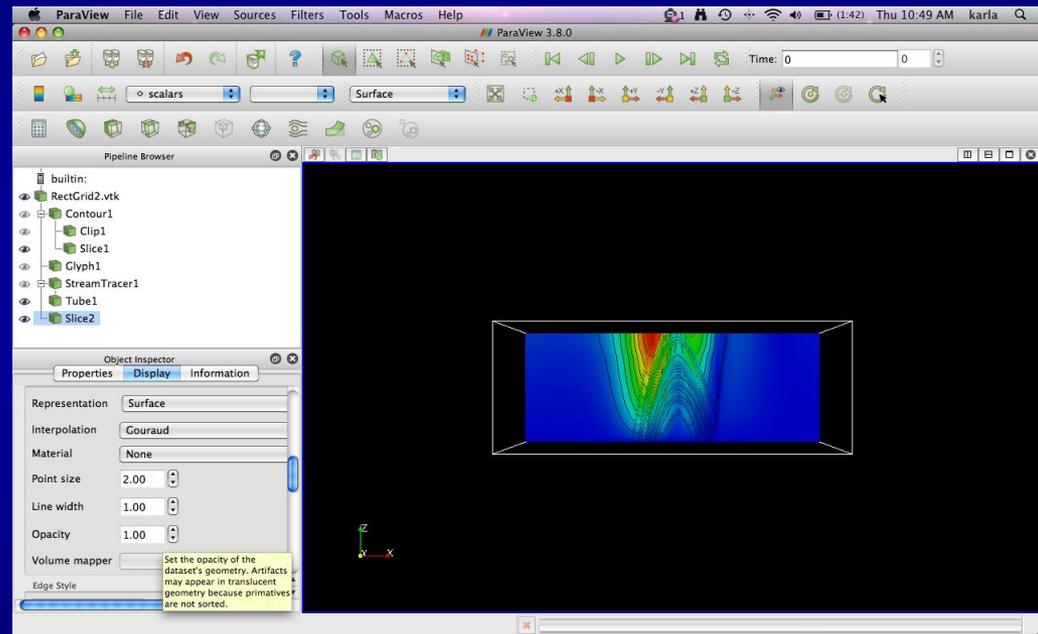
- Click the  button above the 3D view
- Click Choose Color
- Drag box to black
- Click blue Ok
- Click blue Ok



# ParaView

## Object Opacity

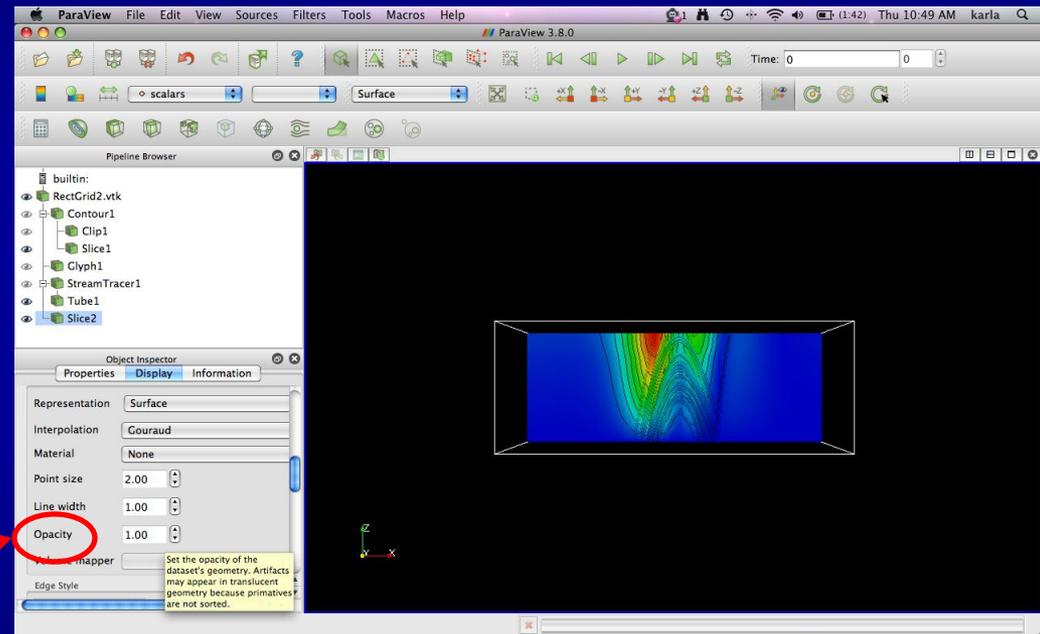
- Click `Slice2` in Pipeline Browser
- Click `Display`
- Change Opacity to 0.70 -> Enter
- Click `Color by vectors`
- Click eye next to `RectGrid2.vtk` to hide box outline



# ParaView

## Object Opacity

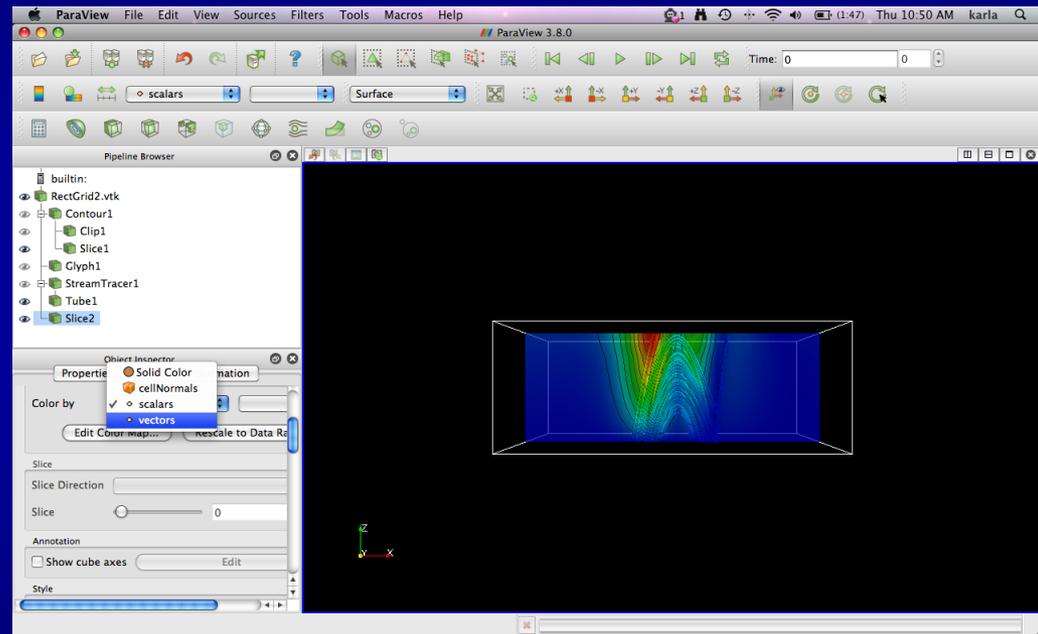
- Click `Slice2` in Pipeline Browser
- Click Display
- **Change** Opacity to `0.70` -> Enter
- Click Color by vectors
- Click eye next to `RectGrid2.vtk` to hide box outline



# ParaView

## Object Opacity

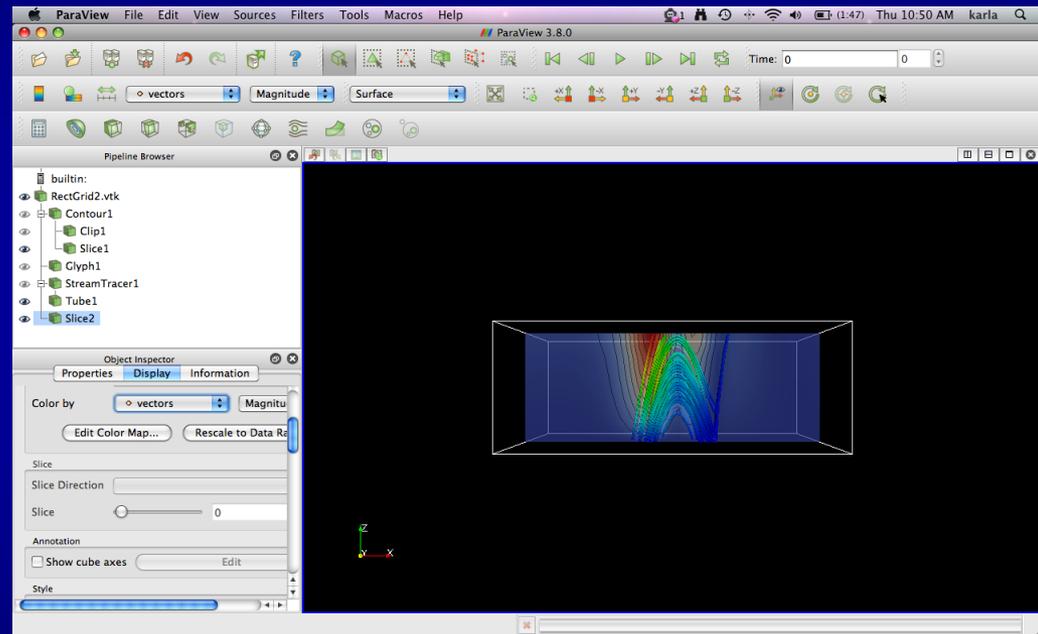
- Click `Slice2` in Pipeline Browser
- Click `Display`
- Change Opacity to `0.70` -> Enter
- Click **Color by** `vectors`
- Click eye next to `RectGrid2.vtk` to hide box outline



# ParaView

## Object Opacity

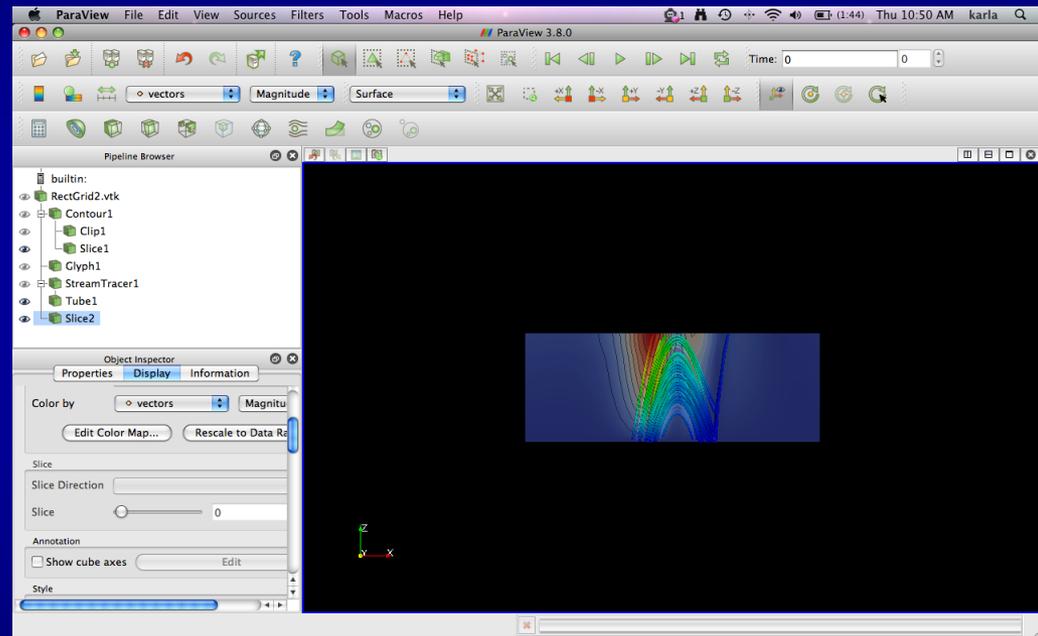
- Click `Slice2` in Pipeline Browser
- Click `Display`
- Change Opacity to `0.70` -> Enter
- Click `Color` by `vectors`
- Click eye next to `RectGrid2.vtk` to hide box outline



# ParaView

## Object Opacity

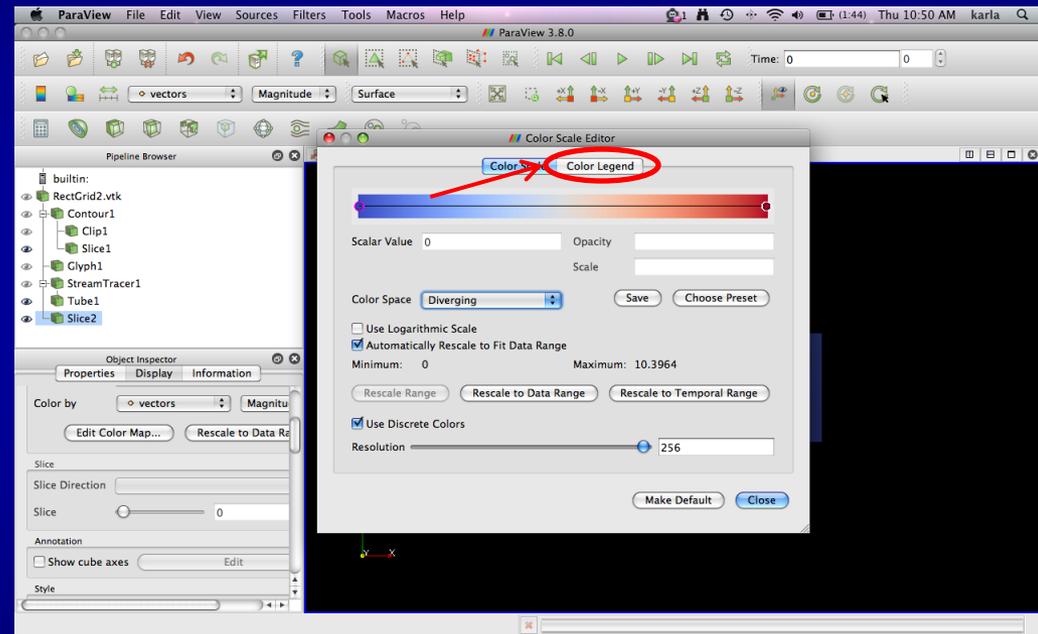
- Click `Slice2` in Pipeline Browser
- Click `Display`
- Change Opacity to `0.70` -> Enter
- Click `Color` by `vectors`
- Click eye next to `RectGrid2.vtk` to hide box outline



# ParaView

## Enable Color Legend

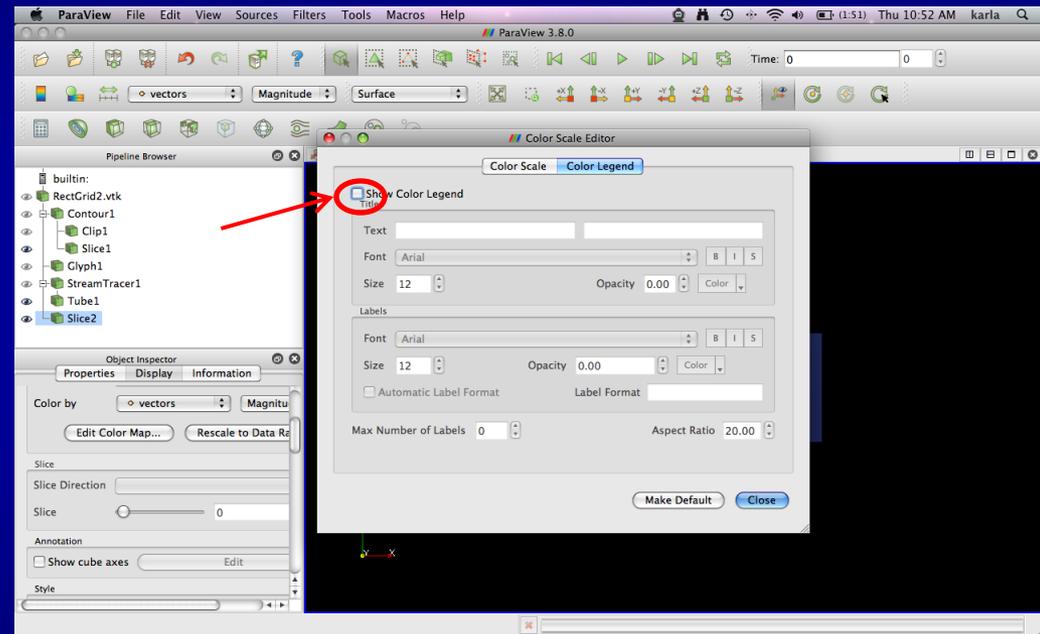
- Click Display
- Click Edit Color Map
- Click Color Legend
- Click Show Color Legend
- Click -> Blue Close
- Select Color Legend (notice white rectangle) and move to top of 3D viewer



# ParaView

## Enable Color Legend

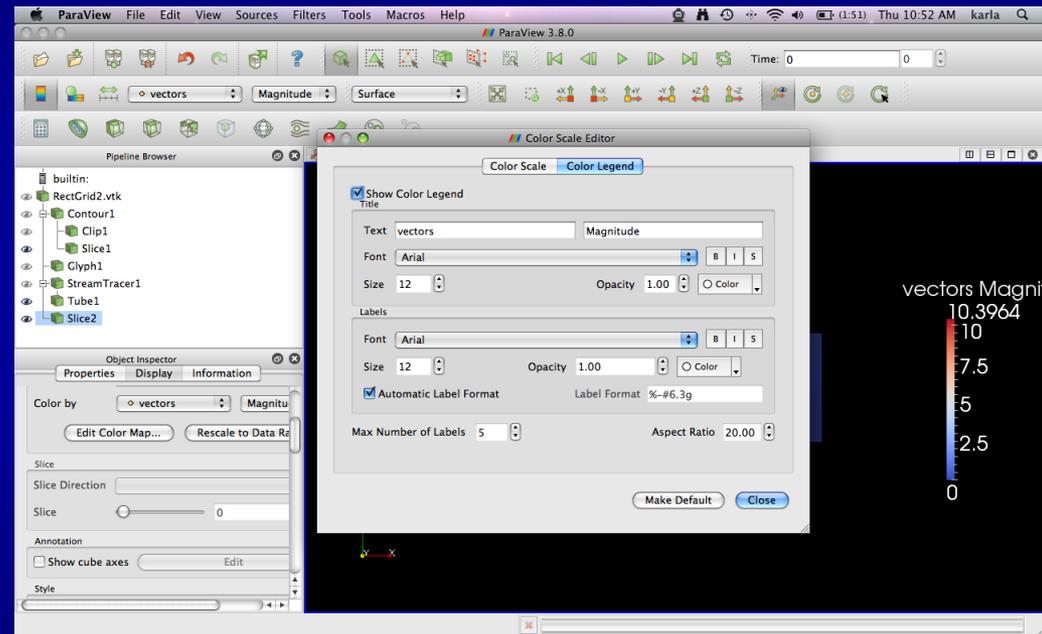
- Click Display
- Click Edit Color Map
- Click Color Legend
- **Click Show Color Legend**
- Click -> Blue Close
- Select Color Legend (notice white rectangle) and move to top of 3D viewer



# ParaView

## Enable Color Legend

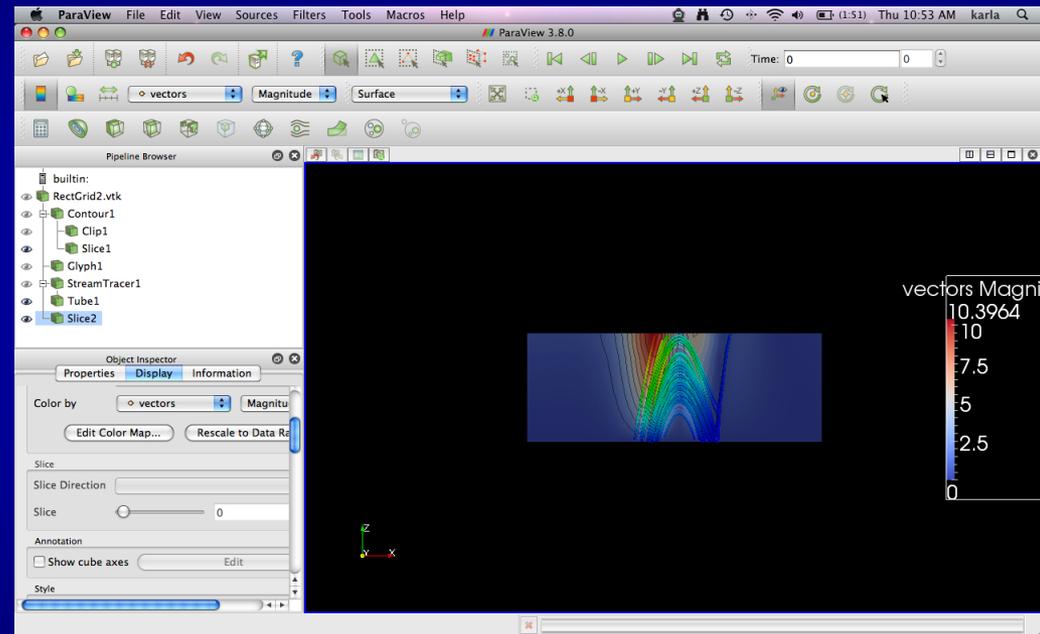
- Click Display
- Click Edit Color Map
- Click Color Legend
- Click Show Color Legend
- Click -> Blue Close
- Select Color Legend (notice white rectangle) and move to top of 3D viewer



# ParaView

## Enable Color Legend

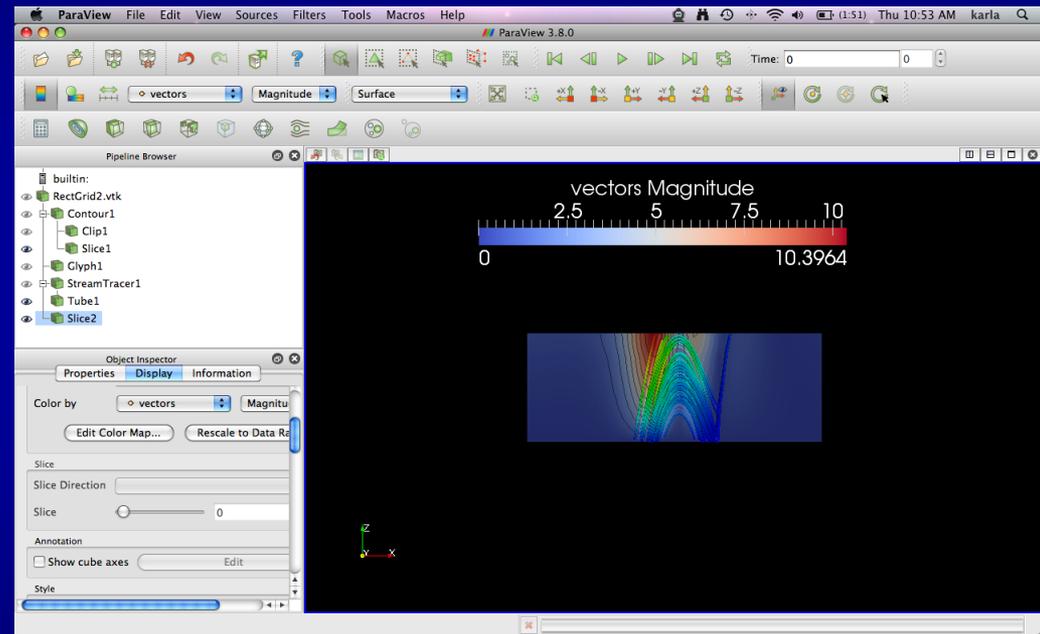
- Click Display
- Click Edit Color Map
- Click Color Legend
- Click Show Color Legend
- Click -> Blue Close
- **Select Color Legend (notice white rectangle) and move to top of 3D viewer**



# ParaView

## Enable Color Legend

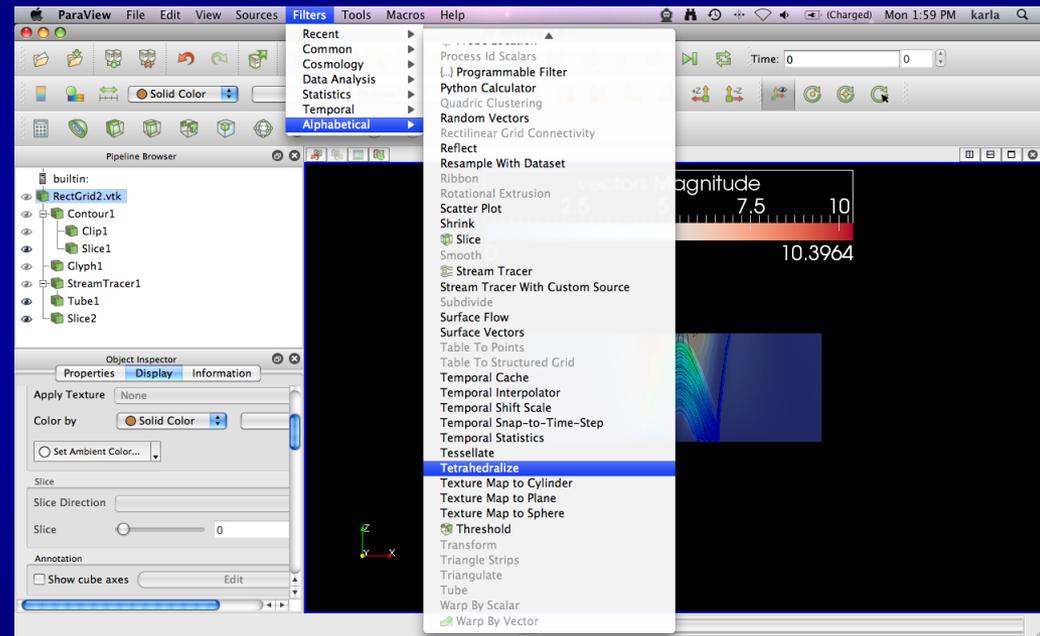
- Click Display
- Click Edit Color Map
- Click Color Legend
- Click Show Color Legend
- Click -> Blue Close
- Select Color Legend (notice white rectangle) and move to top of 3D viewer



# ParaView

## Create Volume Rendering

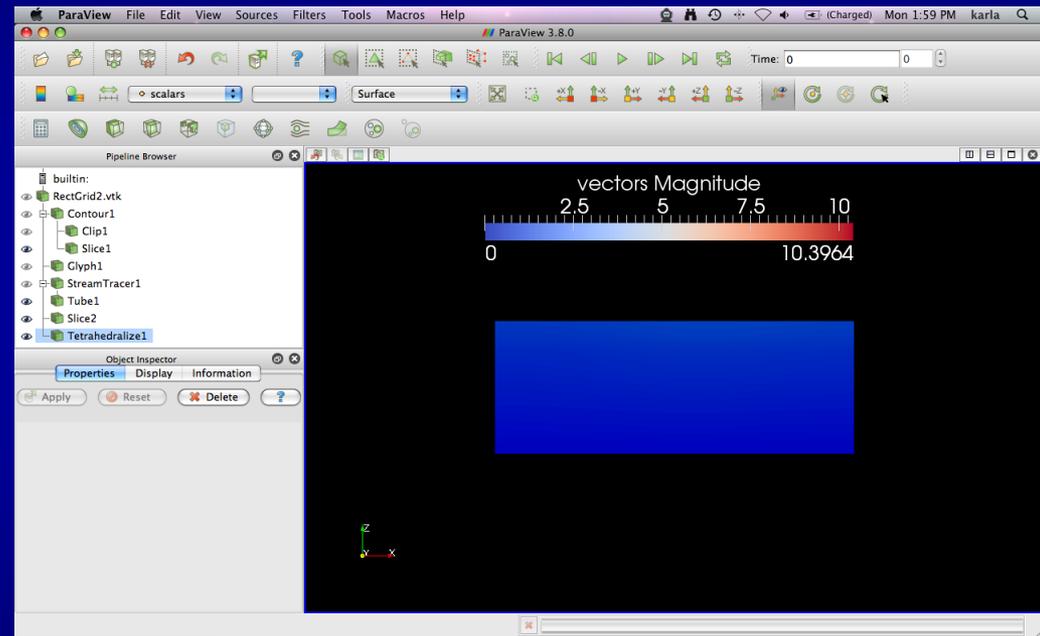
- Click `RectGrid2.vtk` in Pipeline Browser
- Click `Filters` -> `Common` -> `Tetrahedralize`
- Click -> `Apply`
- Click `Display`
- Click `Representation`
- Select `Volume`
- Click -> `Edit Color Map` (To edit transfer function)



# ParaView

## Create Volume Rendering

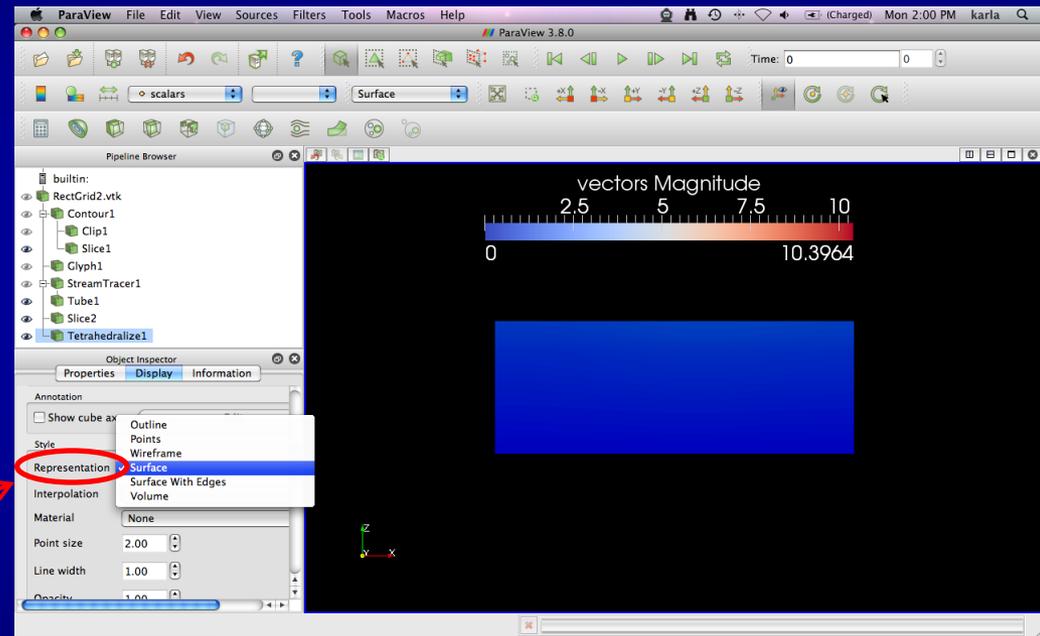
- Click `RectGrid2.vtk` in Pipeline Browser
- Click `Filters` -> `Common` -> `Tetrahedralize`
- Click -> `Apply`
- Click `Display`
- Click `Representation`
- Select `Volume`
- Click -> `Edit Color Map` (To edit transfer function)



# ParaView

## Create Volume Rendering

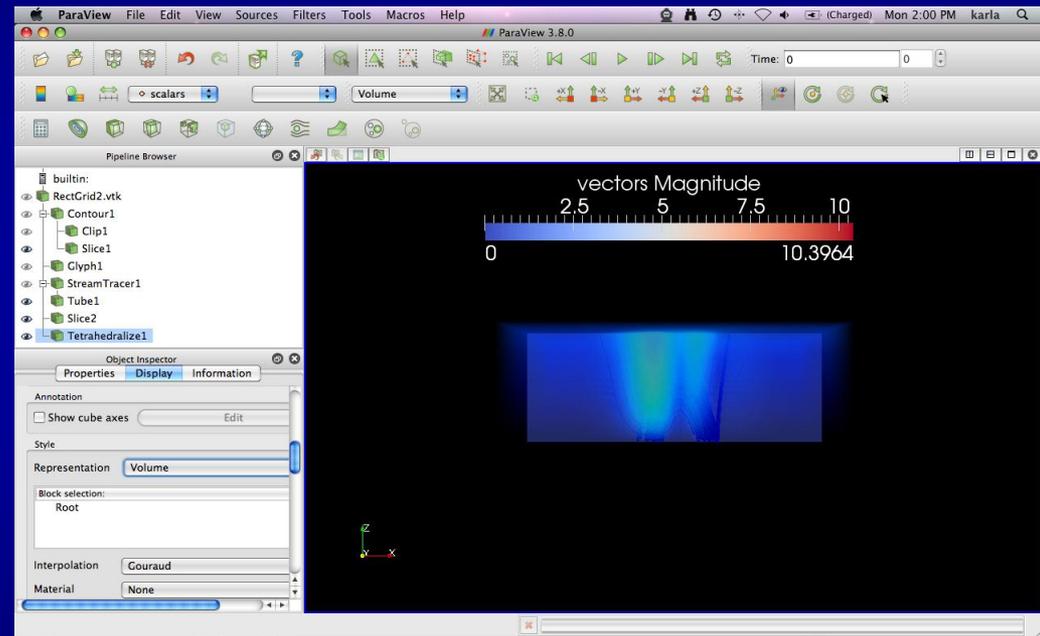
- Click `RectGrid2.vtk` in Pipeline Browser
- Click `Filters` -> `Common` -> `Tetrahedralize`
- Click -> `Apply`
- Click `Display`
- Click `Representation`
- Select `Volume`
- Click -> `Edit Color Map` (To edit transfer function)



# ParaView

## Create Volume Rendering

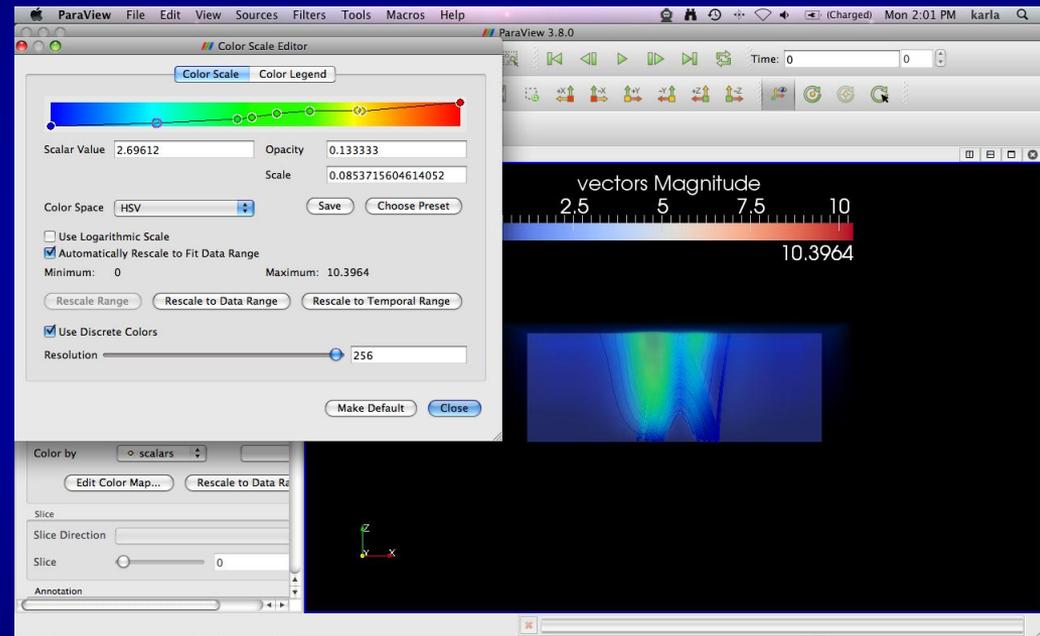
- Click `RectGrid2.vtk` in Pipeline Browser
- Click `Filters` -> `Common` -> `Tetrahedralize`
- Click -> `Apply`
- Click `Display`
- Click `Representation`
- Select `Volume`
- Click -> `Edit Color Map` (To edit transfer function)

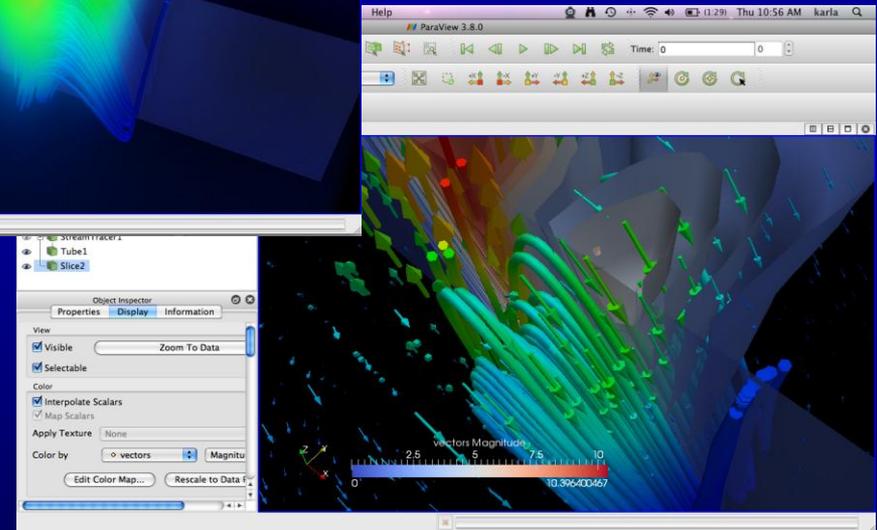
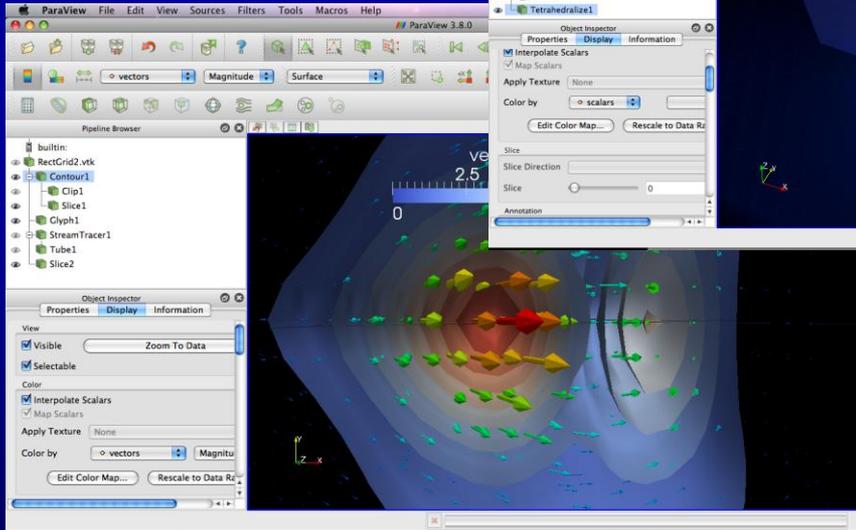
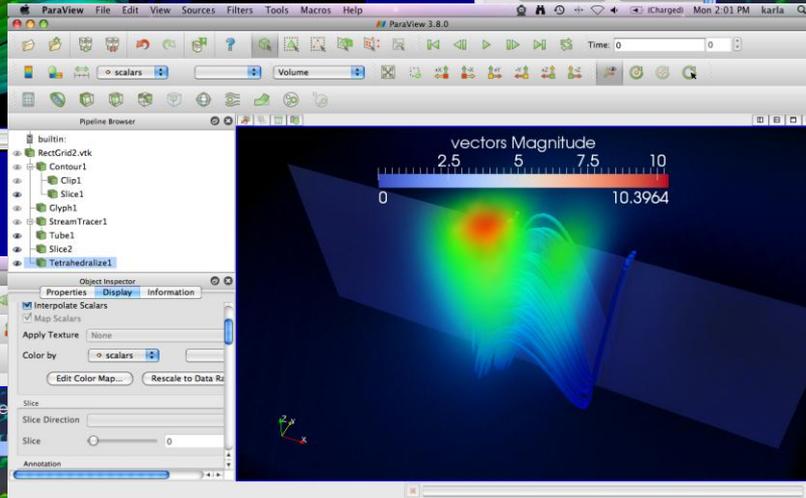
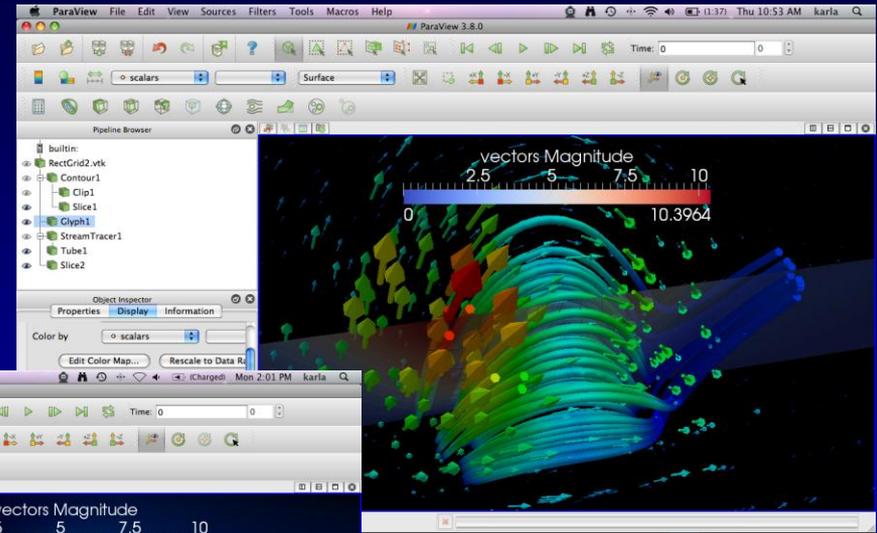
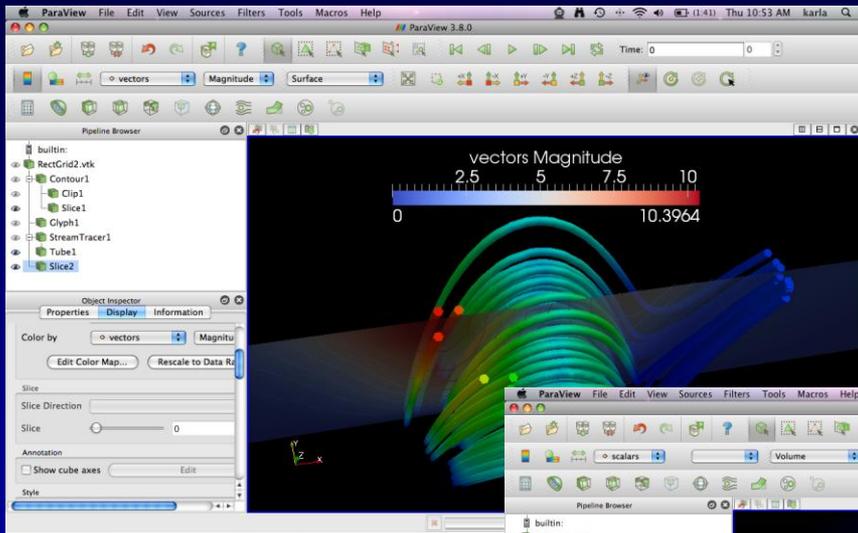


# ParaView

## Create Volume Rendering

- Click `RectGrid2.vtk` in Pipeline Browser
- Click `Filters` -> `Common` -> `Tetrahedralize`
- Click -> `Apply`
- Click `Display`
- Click `Representation`
- Select `Volume`
- Click -> `Edit Color Map` (to edit transfer function)





# Questions?

- More tutorials available:
  - [http://www.paraview.org/Wiki/The\\_ParaView\\_Tutorial](http://www.paraview.org/Wiki/The_ParaView_Tutorial)